acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35 date of compilation: 2020-09-11 Version: GHS 2.0 en Revision: 2022-01-19

Replaces version of: 2020-09-11

Version: (GHS 1)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumet-

ric standard solution

Article number **CN35**

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory and analytical use

Laboratory chemical

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

2.2 **Label elements**

Labelling

not required

Australia (en) Page 1 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Oxalic acid dihydrate	CAS No 6153-56-6	< 2.5	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

No special measures are necessary.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

Australia (en) Page 2 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Ingredients of the mixture combustible. The product itself does not burn.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

No special measures are necessary.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

Australia (en) Page 3 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling 7.1

No special measures are necessary.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	oxalic acid	144-62-7	WES		1		2				WES

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Oxalic acid di- hydrate	6153-56-6	DNEL	3.11 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Oxalic acid di- hydrate	6153-56-6	DNEL	0.882 mg/ kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Australia (en) Page 4 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Oxalic acid di- hydrate	6153-56-6	PNEC	0.16 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Oxalic acid di- hydrate	6153-56-6	PNEC	0.016 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Oxalic acid di- hydrate	6153-56-6	PNEC	1,550 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Hand protection is not required.

Respiratory protection





Usually no personal respirative protection necessary.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid
Colour colourless
Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point ~0 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling ~100 °C

range

Flammability non-combustible

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Australia (en) Page 5 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

Flash point not determined
Auto-ignition temperature not determined
Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) not determined (neutral)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure 23 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $1 \, {\rm g/_{cm^3}}$ at 20 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

Australia (en) Page 6 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Oxalic acid dihydrate	6153-56-6	oral	LD50	7,500 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Oxalic acid dihydrate	6153-56-6	dermal	LD50	20,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 7 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

• If in eyes

Data are not available.

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

Data are not available.

Other information

Health effects are not known. This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity (a	Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time		
Oxalic acid dihydrate	6153-56-6	EC50	162.2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		
Oxalic acid dihydrate	6153-56-6	ErC50	<21.35 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h		

Biodegradation

Data are not available.

12.2 Process of degradability

Degradabilit	Degradability of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source	
Oxalic acid di- hydrate	6153-56-6	biotic/abiotic	40 %	5 d	anhydrous		
Oxalic acid di- hydrate	6153-56-6	oxygen deple- tion	89 %	5 d		ECHA	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD		
Oxalic acid dihydrate	6153-56-6		-1.74	0.8889		

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations

14.2	UN proper shipping name	not assigned
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	not assigned
14.4	Packing group	not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

Australia (en) Page 9 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) Domestic Substances List (DSL)

EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC

National Tiveriory of Criemical Substances

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

("Purple book").

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1	Classification acc. to GHS: This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC. This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.	Classification acc. to GHS: This mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.	yes
2.2	Signal word: not required		yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye	
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	

Australia (en) Page 11 / 12

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Oxalic acid solution 0,05 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution

article number: CN35

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
ppm	Parts per million	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants	

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 12 / 12