

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**  
Version: **GHS 1.1 en**  
Replaces version of: 2019-05-10  
Version: (GHS 1)

date of compilation: 2019-05-10  
Revision: 2020-04-02

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	<b>Acetic acid ethyl ester</b>
Article number	CP42
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475103-46-xxxx
Index No	607-022-00-5
EC number	205-500-4
CAS number	141-78-6

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<b>Identified uses:</b>	laboratory chemical laboratory and analytical use formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re- packaging (excluding alloys) feedstock use surface treatment or coating used for industrial or other purposes
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### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG  
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5  
D-76185 Karlsruhe  
Germany

**Telephone:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0

**Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149

**e-mail:** [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)

**Website:** [www.carlroth.de](http://www.carlroth.de)

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Department Health, Safety and Environment

**e-mail (competent person):** [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 Westmead, NSW	131126	

Emergency information service

**Poison Centre Munich: +49/(0)89 19240**

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Acetic acid ethyl ester  $\geq 99,5\%$  , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: CP42

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Classification acc. to GHS			
Section	Hazard class	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	flammable liquid	(Flam. Liq. 2)	H225
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	(Eye Irrit. 2)	H319
3.8D	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	(STOT SE 3)	H336

Supplemental hazard information

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH066	repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Narcotic effects.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling GHS

Signal word

Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements

**Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

**Precautionary statements - response**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction.

**Precautionary statements - storage**

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Acetic acid ethyl ester ≥99,5 %, Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

### Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: **Danger**

Symbol(s)



EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## 2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Ethyl acetate
Index No	607-022-00-5
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475103-46-xxxx
EC number	205-500-4
CAS number	141-78-6
Molecular formula	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
Molar mass	88.11 g <sub>mol</sub>

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5$ %, Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: CP42

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs. Call a physician immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Headaches and dizziness may occur, Breathing difficulties, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis,

Following skin contact: Has degreasing effect on the skin, Irritant effects,

After eye contact: Irritation,

After ingestion: Nausea, Vomiting, Aspiration hazard

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Give sodium sulfate as laxative (1 tablespoon in 1 glass of water).

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings  
water spray, foam, dry extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Beware of reignition.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Explosive properties.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: CP42

### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid: Aerosol or mist formation.

#### • Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a dry place. Protect against: Direct light irradiation. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

### Consideration of other advice

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### • Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

#### • Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## Acetic acid ethyl ester ≥99,5 %, Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: CP42

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

##### National limit values

##### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
AU	ethyl acetate (acetic acid, ethyl ester)	141-78-6	WES	200	720	400	1,440	WES

##### Notation

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

##### Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

##### • human health values

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	1,468 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
DNEL	734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
DNEL	1,468 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
DNEL	63 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

##### • environmental values

Endpoint	Threshold level	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
PNEC	1.65 mg/l	water	intermittent release
PNEC	0.24 mg/l	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.024 mg/l	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	650 mg/l	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	1.15 mg/kg	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.115 mg/kg	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.148 mg/kg	soil	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

##### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

##### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: CP42

### Skin protection



#### • hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### • material thickness

0,7mm.

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

### Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of  $> 65\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  , colour code: Brown).

### Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	liquid (fluid)
Colour	colourless
Odour	fruity
Odour threshold	50 ppm

#### Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value)	This information is not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-83.6 °C at 101.3 kPa

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Acetic acid ethyl ester ≥99,5 %, Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**

Initial boiling point and boiling range	77.1 °C at 101.3 kPa
Flash point	-4 °C at 101.3 kPa
Evaporation rate	no data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant (fluid)
<u>Explosive limits</u>	
• lower explosion limit (LEL)	2.2 vol% (73 g/m <sup>3</sup> )
• upper explosion limit (UEL)	11.5 vol% (470 g/m <sup>3</sup> )
Explosion limits of dust clouds	not relevant
Vapour pressure	9.187 kPa at 19 °C
Density	900.3 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
Vapour density	3.04 (air = 1)
Bulk density	Not applicable
Relative density	Information on this property is not available.
<u>Solubility(ies)</u>	
Water solubility	80,000 mg/l at 25 °C
<u>Partition coefficient</u>	
n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0.68 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature	427 °C at 101.3 kPa
Decomposition temperature	no data available
Viscosity	
• kinematic viscosity	0.501 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
• dynamic viscosity	0.451 mPa s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	Shall not be classified as explosive
Oxidising properties	none
<b>9.2 Other information</b>	
Refractive index	1.372

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Risk of ignition. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

May cause decomposition by long-term light influence. Moisture-sensitive.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: Fluorine, Strong oxidiser,

Danger of explosion: Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metal, Violent reaction with: Strong acid, Strong alkali



## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: CP42

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. - Direct light irradiation. - Humidity.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Source
oral	LD50	5,620 mg/kg	rat	TOXNET
dermal	LD50	>20,000 mg/kg	rabbit	ECHA

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxicant

#### • Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### • Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

##### • If swallowed

nausea, vomiting, aspiration hazard

##### • If in eyes

Irritating to eyes

##### • If inhaled

headache, vertigo, breathing difficulties, dizziness, drowsiness, narcosis

##### • If on skin

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation)

## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**

### Other information

None

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	230 mg/l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	220 mg/l	fish	ECHA	96 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
NOEC	2.4 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

### 12.2 Process of degradability

The substance is readily biodegradable.  
 Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.816 mg/mg  
 Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1.998 mg/mg

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	100 %	28 d
oxygen depletion	62 %	5 d

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)

0.68 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)

BCF

30 (ECHA)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

**Acetic acid ethyl ester ≥99,5 %, Ph.Eur., extra pure**

article number: **CP42**

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.


### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

<b>14.1</b>	UN number	<b>1173</b>
<b>14.2</b>	UN proper shipping name Hazardous ingredients	<b>ETHYL ACETATE</b> Acetic acid ethyl ester
<b>14.3</b>	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	3 (flammable liquids)
<b>14.4</b>	Packing group	II (substance presenting medium danger)
<b>14.5</b>	Environmental hazards	none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations)
<b>14.6</b>	<b>Special precautions for user</b>	
	Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.	
<b>14.7</b>	<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</b>	
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	
<b>14.8</b>	<b>Information for each of the UN Model Regulations</b>	
	• <b>Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)</b>	
	UN number	1173
	Proper shipping name	ETHYL ACETATE
	Particulars in the transport document	UN1173, ETHYL ACETATE, 3, II, (D/E)
	Class	3
	Classification code	F1

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Transport category (TC) 2

Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E

Hazard identification No 33

**Emergency Action Code** 3YE

**• International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)**

UN number 1173

Proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1173, ETHYL ACETATE, 3, II, -4°C c.c.

Class 3

Marine pollutant -

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) -

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

**• International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)**

UN number 1173

Proper shipping name Ethyl acetate

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1173, Ethyl acetate, 3, II

Class 3

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3



## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**

Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### National inventories

Substance is listed in the following national inventories:

Country	National inventories	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

##### Legend

AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## Acetic acid ethyl ester ≥99,5 %, Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: CP42

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
BCF	bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	short-term exposure limit
TWA	time-weighted average
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Acetic acid ethyl ester $\geq 99,5\%$ , Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

### Key literature references and sources for data

- UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
- Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319	causes serious eye irritation
H336	may cause drowsiness or dizziness

### Disclaimer

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.