according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU



Acetic acid ethyl ester ≥99,5 %, Ph.Eur., extra pure

article number: **CP42**Version: **2.1 en**date of compilation: 2015-11-12
Revision: 2020-04-02

Replaces version of: 2019-05-10

Version: (2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance Acetic acid ethyl ester

Article number CP42

Registration number (REACH) 01-2119475103-46-xxxx

 Index No
 607-022-00-5

 EC number
 205-500-4

 CAS number
 141-78-6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: laboratory chemical

laboratory and analytical use

formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-

packaging (excluding alloys)

feedstock use

surface treatment or coating used for industrial

or other purposes

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data : Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons In- formation Centre Beaumont Hospital	Beaumont Road	Dublin 9	01 809 2166	https:// www.poisons.ie/

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

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Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	(Flam. Liq. 2)	H225
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	(Eye Irrit. 2)	H319
3.8D	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	(STOT SE 3)	H336

Supplemental hazard information

Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH066	repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Narcotic effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

Precautionary statements - response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

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EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Ethyl acetate
Index No 607-022-00-5

Registration number (REACH) 01-2119475103-46-xxxx

EC number 205-500-4
CAS number 141-78-6
Molecular formula C4H8O2
Molar mass 88,11 g/mol

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs. Call a physician immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Headaches and dizziness may occur, Breathing difficulties, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis,

Following skin contact: Has degreasing effect on the skin, Irritant effects,

After eye contact: Irritation,

After ingestion: Nausea, Vomiting, Aspiration hazard

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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Give sodium sulfate as laxative (1 tablespoon in 1 glass of water).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, foam, dry extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Beware of reignition.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Explosive properties.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid: Aerosol or mist formation.

• Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a dry place. Protect against: Direct light irradiation. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Source
EU	ethyl acetate	141-78-6	IOELV	200	734	400	1.468	2017/164/EU
IE	ethyl acetate	141-78-6	OELV	200	734	400	1.468	S.I. No. 619 of 2001

Notation

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-STEL minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 TWA

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

human health values

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time	
DNEL	734 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	
DNEL	DNEL 1.468 mg/m³ human, inhalatory		worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects	
DNEL	DNEL 734 mg/m³ human, inhalatory		worker (industry)	chronic - local effects	
DNEL	DNEL 1.468 mg/m³ human, inhalatory		worker (industry)	acute - local effects	
DNEL	63 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	

environmental values

Endpoint	Threshold level Environmental compartment		Exposure time	
PNEC	1,65 ^{mg} / _l	water	intermittent release	
PNEC	0,24 ^{mg} / _l	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,024 ^{mg} / _l	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	650 ^{mg} / _I	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	1,15 ^{mg} / _{kg}	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,115 ^{mg} / _{kg}	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,148 ^{mg} / _{kg}	soil	short-term (single instance)	

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

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type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

0.7mm.

• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid (fluid)
Colour colourless
Odour fruity
Odour threshold 50 ppm

Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value) This information is not available.

Melting point/freezing point
-83,6 °C at 101,3 kPa
Initial boiling point and boiling range
77,1 °C at 101,3 kPa
Flash point
-4 °C at 101,3 kPa
Evaporation rate
no data available
Flammability (solid, gas)
not relevant (fluid)

Explosive limits

lower explosion limit (LEL)
 upper explosion limit (UEL)
 2,2 vol% (73 g/m³)
 11,5 vol% (470 g/m³)

Explosion limits of dust clouds not relevant

Vapour pressure 9,187 kPa at 19 °C Density 900,3 $^{\rm g}$ / $_{\rm cm^3}$ at 20 °C

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Vapour density 3,04 (air = 1)

Bulk density Not applicable

Relative density Information on this property is not available.

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 80.000 ^{mg}/_l at 25 °C

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW) 0,68 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)

Auto-ignition temperature 427 °C at 101,3 kPa
Decomposition temperature no data available

Viscosity

• kinematic viscosity 0,501 mm²/s

• dynamic viscosity 0,451 mPa s at 20 °C

Explosive properties Shall not be classified as explosive

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Refractive index 1,372

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)

T2 (Maximum permissible surface temperature

on the equipment: 300°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Risk of ignition. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

May cause decomposition by long-term light influence. Moisture-sensitive.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with: Fluorine, Strong oxidiser,

<u>Danger of explosion:</u> <u>Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metal, Violent reaction with:</u> Strong acid, Strong alkali

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. - Direct light irradiation. - Humidity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Source
oral	LD50	5.620 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	TOXNET
dermal	LD50	>20.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit	ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxicant

• Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

• Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

nausea, vomiting, aspiration hazard

• If in eyes

Irritating to eyes

• If inhaled

headache, vertigo, breathing difficulties, dizziness, drowsiness, narcosis

• If on skin

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Other information

None

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	LC50 230 ^{mg} / _I		ECHA	96 h
EC50	220 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
NOEC	2,4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

12.2 Process of degradability

The substance is readily biodegradable. Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1,816 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1,998 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	100 %	28 d
oxygen depletion	62 %	5 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW) 0,68 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)

BCF 30 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

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Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number 1173	4.1
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14.2 UN proper shipping name **ETHYL ACETATE**

Hazardous ingredients Acetic acid ethyl ester

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)



Class 3 (flammable liquids)

14.4 Packing group II (substance presenting medium danger)

14.5 Environmental hazards none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations)

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

• Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

UN number 1173

Proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

Particulars in the transport document UN1173, ETHYL ACETATE, 3, II, (D/E)

Class 3
Classification code F1

Packing group II

Danger label(s)



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Transport category (TC) 2

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Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 33

• International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 1173

Proper shipping name ETHYL ACETATE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1173, ETHYL ACETATE, 3, II, -4°C c.c.

Class 3
Marine pollutant Packing group II
Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

• International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 1173

Proper shipping name Ethyl acetate

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1173, Ethyl acetate, 3, II

Class 3
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 3



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)
 - Regulation 649/2012/EU concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC) Not listed.
 - Regulation 1005/2009/EC on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS) Not listed.
 - Regulation 850/2004/EC on persistent organic pollutants (POP) Not listed.
 - Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Name of substance	CAS No	Wt%	Type of registration	Conditions of restric- tion	No
Acetic acid ethyl ester		100	1907/2006/EC annex XVII	R3	3
Acetic acid ethyl ester		100	1907/2006/EC annex XVII	R40	40

Legend

R3

- 1. Shall not be used in:
- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

- tricks and jokes

- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.

 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or per-

- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,
 present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,
 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisa-
- Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the mar-
- ket, that the following requirements are met:

 (a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010, 'Just a sip of lamp oil - or even sucking the wick of lamps - may lead to life-threatening lung damage'
- (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in
- black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.
 6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and
- fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public.

 7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the competent authority in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data available to the Commission.

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Legend

R40

- 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
 - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- 'whoopee' cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement
- horns for parties,
 decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.
- 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

 'For professional users only'.
- 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
- 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

Restrictions according to REACH, Title VIII

None.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

not listed

Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000 50.000	51)

Notation

Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

Directive 75/324/EEC relating to aerosol dispensers

Filling batch

Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)

VOC content	100 % 900,3 ^g / _l	
Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2	.010/75/EU)	

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	900,3 ^g / _l

Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) - Annex II

Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and **Transfer Register (PRTR)**

not listed

Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (WFD)

not listed

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Regulation 98/2013/EU on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation 111/2005/EC laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

not listed

National inventories

Substance is listed in the following national inventories:

Country	National inventories	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

Legend

AICS CICR Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC Domestic Substances List (DSL)

EC Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances INSQ KECI NZIoC

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory Toxic Substance Control Act TCSI TSCA

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2017/164/EU	Commission Directive establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
BCF	bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
S.I. No. 619 of 2001	Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU



Acetic acid ethyl ester ≥99,5 %, Ph.Eur., extra pure

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
STEL	short-term exposure limit
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TWA	time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU
- Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP, EU GHS)
 Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319	causes serious eye irritation
H336	may cause drowsiness or dizziness

Disclaimer

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

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