acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

#### Petroleum benzine 40-80, extra pure

date of compilation: 2021-05-19 article number: CP48 Version: GHS 1.0 en



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance Petroleum benzine 40-80, extra pure

Article number CP48

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for products which come into contact Uses advised against:

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr, 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)		STOT SE 3	H336
3.10	Aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

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Labelling

Signal word Danger

**Pictograms** 

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







#### **Hazard statements**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 Causes skin irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

## **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

#### Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

**Hazardous ingredients for labelling:** Hydrocarbons, C<sub>6</sub>, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane, n-

Pentane, Hydrocarbons, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>, n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

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#### **Description of the mixture**

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n-hex- ane	CAS No 64742-49-0	≥50	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		
n-Pentane	CAS No 109-66-0	25 – 50	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 EUH066		C(a)
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>7</sub> , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	CAS No 92128-66-0	5 – 10	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		

Notes

C(a): Mixture of isomers

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following skin contact**

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## **Following ingestion**

Observe aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Cough, Vertigo, Dyspnoea, Aspiration hazard, Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

#### **6.2** Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Danger of explosion.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

## Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### **Incompatible substances or mixtures**

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

**National limit values** 

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## **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	pentane	109-66-0	WES	600	1,770	750	2,210				WES
AU	n-hexane	110-54-3	WES	20	72						WES

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

**TWA** 

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n- hexane	64742-49-0	DNEL	5,306 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n- hexane	64742-49-0	DNEL	13,964 mg/ kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
n-Pentane	109-66-0	DNEL	3,000 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
n-Pentane	109-66-0	DNEL	432 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>7</sub> , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	92128-66-0	DNEL	2,035 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> - C <sub>7</sub> , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	92128-66-0	DNEL	773 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

## **Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture**

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	880 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	water	intermittent re- lease
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	230 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	230 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	3,600 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	1.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	1.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
n-Pentane	109-66-0	PNEC	0.55 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**





Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection





#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### type of material

NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber

#### material thickness

0.4 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**





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Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour clear - colourless
Odour characteristic
Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

40 - 80 °C

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 1.2 vol% - 7.5 vol%

Flash point <-20 °C
Auto-ignition temperature 280 °C

Decomposition temperature not relevant pH (value) not determined Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (practically insoluble)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

Vapour pressure not determined

Density  $0.66 \, {}^{\rm g}/{}_{\rm cm^3}$  at 15  ${}^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

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Flammable liquids

Sustained combustibility yes, sustained combustion was observed

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### If heated

Risk of ignition.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

## **Acute toxicity**

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

#### Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
n-Pentane	109-66-0	oral	LD50	>5,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
n-Pentane	109-66-0	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	>25.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>7</sub> , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	92128-66-0	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	>25.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>7</sub> , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	92128-66-0	dermal	LD50	>2,800 – 3,100 mg/ <sub>kg</sub>	rat

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#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

#### • If in eyes

#### • If inhaled

vertigo, headache, cough, Dyspnoea, fatigue, narcosis

#### • If on skin

has degreasing effect on the skin, causes skin irritation

#### Other information

Other adverse effects: Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

## **Aspiration hazard**

aspiration hazard

slightly irritant but not relevant for classification

#### 12.1 Toxicity

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
n-Pentane	109-66-0	LL50	27.55 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
n-Pentane	109-66-0	EL50	48.11 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
n-Pentane	109-66-0	LC50	4.26 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	rainbow trout (Onco- rhynchus mykiss)	96 h
n-Pentane	109-66-0	EC50	2.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	48 h

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture Name of substance CAS No Endpoint Value Species Exposure time Hydrocarbons, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane</td> 92128-66-0 EC50 0.23 mg/<sub>I</sub> aquatic invertebrates 21 d

## **Biodegradation**

The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

## 12.2 Process of degradability

Degradabilit	Degradability of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0	oxygen deple- tion	83 %	10 d		ECHA
n-Pentane	109-66-0	oxygen deple- tion	87 %	28 d		ECHA
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>7</sub> , n-al- kanes, isoalkanes, cyc- lics, <5% n-hex- ane	92128-66-0	oxygen deple- tion	83 %	16 d		ECHA

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture				
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> , isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	64742-49-0	501.2	3.6 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
n-Pentane	109-66-0	171	3.45 (pH value: 7, 25 °C)	
Hydrocarbons, C <sub>6</sub> -C <sub>7</sub> , n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	92128-66-0		3.4 - 5.2	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

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#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

#### Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H3** Flammable liquids

**H11** Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN 3295

IMDG-Code UN 3295 ICAO-TI UN 3295

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDGHYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.IMDG-CodeHYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 3
IMDG-Code 3
ICAO-TI 3

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14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG

IMDG-Code II

ICAO-TI II

**14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic

environment):

Hydrocarbons, C<sub>6</sub>, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 3295

Class 3

**Environmental hazards** Yes

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 3

Fish and tree





Special provisions (SP)

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ)

E2 UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ)

UN RTDG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, II,

<-20°C c.c., MARINE POLLÚTANT

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Hydrocarbons,

C<sub>6</sub>, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane)

Danger label(s) 3. "Fish and tree"





Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

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**EmS** F-E, S-D

Stowage category В

## International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3295, Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s., 3, II

**Environmental hazards YES** (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) **A3** Excepted quantities (EQ) E2 Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	not all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	not all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS CICR

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) CSCL-ENCS

Domestic Substances List (DSL)

ECSI EC Substances List (IJSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

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Legend

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer

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acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

#### Petroleum benzine 40-80, extra pure

article number: CP48



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne conatminants

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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