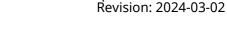
acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Acetic acid ROTIPURAN® Supra 100 %

date of compilation: 2018-08-31 article number: HN55 Version: **5.0 en**

Replaces version of: 2023-03-23

Version: (4)



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Acetic acid ROTIPURAN® Supra 100 %

Article number HN55

Index No (GB CLP) 607-002-00-6 EC number 200-580-7 CAS number 64-19-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

> for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

Emergency telephone number 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

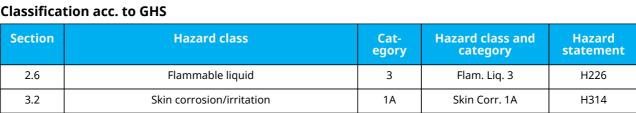
Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

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1

Eve Dam. 1

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 **Label elements**

3.3

Labelling

Signal word **Danger**

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05



Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Hazard statements

Flammable liquid and vapour H226

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statements - response

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower]

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

2.3 Other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

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H318

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Acetic acid
Molecular formula	$C_2H_4O_2$
Molar mass	60,05 ^g / _{mol}
CAS No	64-19-7
EC No	200-580-7
Index No (GB CLP)	607-002-00-6

Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 90 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 25 % ≤ C < 90 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 25 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %	<u>-</u>	-	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Irritant effects, Cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties, Following skin contact: Causes severe burns, Causes poorly healing wounds, After eye contact: Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness, Following ingestion: Corrosion, Gastric perforation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
EU	acetic acid	64-19-7	IOELV	10	25	20	50				2017/ 164/EU

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Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
GB	acetic acid	64-19-7	WEL	10	25	20	50				EH40/ 2005

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measu hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

0,7mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: E (against acidic gases like sulphur dioxide or hydrogen chloride, colour code: Yellow).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless
Odour pungent

Odour threshold 0,2 – 100,1 ppm Melting point/freezing point 16,64 °C (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

117,9 °C at 101,3 kPa (ECHA)

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

Lower and upper explosion limit 4 vol% (LEL) - 19,9 vol% (UEL) Flash point 39 °C at 101,3 kPa (ECHA)

Auto-ignition temperature 463 °C (ECHA)

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) 2,4 (ECHA)

Kinematic viscosity 1,015 $^{\text{mm}^2}$ / $_{\text{s}}$ at 25 $^{\circ}$ C Dynamic viscosity 1,056 mPa s at 25 $^{\circ}$ C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 602,9 $^{9}/_{1}$ at 25 $^{\circ}$ C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): -0,17 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)

Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC) 0,062 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure 20,79 hPa at 25 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $1,05 \, {}^{9}/_{cm^3}$ at 20 ${}^{\circ}$ C

Relative vapour density 2,07 at 20 °C (air = 1)

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Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

There is no additional information.

Other safety characteristics:

Maximum explosion pressure 6,3 bar

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition.

If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Danger of explosion: Peroxides, Perchlorates, Hydrogen peroxide, Chromium(VI) oxide, Permanganates, for example potassium permanganate, strong oxidiser,

Violent reaction with: Strong alkali, Aldehydes, Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Alcohols, Nitric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics, Rubber articles, iron, copper, bronze, brass, zinc

Release of flammable materials with

Metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful if swallowed.

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Acetic acid ROTIPURAN® Supra 100 %

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Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	3.310 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		TOXNET

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

If inhaled

irritant effects, cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	>300,8 ^{mg} / _l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	>300,8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	>300,8 ^{mg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1,066 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1,466 $^{\rm mg}/_{\rm mg}$

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	99 %	30 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0,17 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) (ECHA)
BCF	3,16 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0,21 Pa m³/ _{mol} at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	0,062 (ECHA)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP3 flammable

HP 4 irritant - skin irritation and eye damage

HP8 corrosive

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID	UN 2789
IMDG-Code	UN 2789
ICAO-TI	UN 2789

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID	ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL
IMDG-Code	ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

ICAO-TI Acetic acid, glacial

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID	8 (3)
IMDG-Code	8 (3)
ICAO-TI	8 (3)

14.4 Packing group

ADRRID	II
IMDG-Code	II

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

Proper shipping name ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

Particulars in the transport document UN2789, ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL, 8 (3), II, (D/E)

Classification code CF1
Danger label(s) 8+3





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 83
Emergency Action Code 2P

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code CF1

Danger label(s) 8+3





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Hazard identification No 83

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2789, ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL, 8 (3), II, 39°C c.c.

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 8+3

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-E, S-C

Stowage category A

Segregation group 1 - Acids

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Acetic acid, glacial

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2789, Acetic acid, glacial, 8 (3), II

Danger label(s) 8+3





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity plication of lower quire		Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000	50.000	51)

Notation

51) Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.040 ^g / _I

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.040 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

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Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17) Name of substance Name acc. to inventory CAS No No Acetic acid this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC 3 Acetic acid flammable / pyrophoric 40

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed

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Country	Inventory	Status
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals CICR CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI IECSC

Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

Domestic Substances List (DSL)

INSO

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
National Chemical Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
PEACH registered substances

PICCS

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.		yes
2.3	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2017/164/EU	Commission Directive establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)

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article number: **HN55**



EC No The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NIP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an ide fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) ED Endocrine disruptor EH40/2005 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-cence/) EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EMS Erergency Schedule ErC50 #EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in eith growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control GB CLP The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendme etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended) GB REACH The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended) GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United It tions IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Filer of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) ED Endocrine disruptor EH40/2005 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-cence/) EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances Ems Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in eith growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control GB CLP The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendmenetc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, 51 2019/720 (as amended) GB REACH The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, 51 2019/758 (as amended) GH5 "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Itons IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 lethality during a specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic ppm Parts per million REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EH40/2005 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-cence/) EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Schedule ErCS0 = ECS0: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in eith growth (EBCS0) or growth rate (ErCS0) relative to the control GB CLP The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendmenter.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended) GB REACH The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended) GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United It ions IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 5 lethality during a specified time interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during perfect dime interval LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during perfect dime interval LD50 Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
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EmS Emergency Schedule ErC50 = EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in eith growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control GB CLP The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendmen etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended) GB REACH The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended) GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United I tions IATA International Air Transport Association IATA/DGR Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization ICAO-TI Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG-Code Index No The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1277/2008 IOELV Indicative occupational exposure limit value LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 (lethality during a specified time interval) LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic ppm Parts per million REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
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Specified time interval LEL Lower explosion limit (LEL) NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic ppm Parts per million REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP No-Longer Polymer PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic ppm Parts per million REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic ppm Parts per million REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
ppm Parts per million REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	NLP	No-Longer Polymer
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	ppm	Parts per million
DID Dèglement concernant le transport International formational formation de march and inc. Description	REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID Regiement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regui tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL Short-term exposure limit	STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA Time-weighted average	TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL Upper explosion limit (UEL)	UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Acetic acid ROTIPURAN® Supra 100 %

article number: HN55



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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