according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Perchloric acid 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric standard solution, in anhydrous acetic acid

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Version: (3)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Perchloric acid 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N volumetric

standard solution, in anhydrous acetic acid

Article number K023

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private

purposes (household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

| Name | Street | Postal code/city | Telephone | Website |
|--|-----------|----------------------|--------------|---------|
| National Poisons Information Service City Hospital | Dudley Rd | B187QH Birmingham | 844 892 0111 | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

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Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

| Section | Hazard class | Cat- egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|--|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 2.6 | Flammable liquid | 3 | Flam. Liq. 3 | H226 |
| 2.16 | Substance or mixture corrosive to metals | 1 | Met. Corr. 1 | H290 |
| 3.2 | Skin corrosion/irritation | 1 | Skin Corr. 1 | H314 |
| 3.3 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | 1 | Eye Dam. 1 | H318 |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05





Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour H290 May be corrosive to metals

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statements - response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower]

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

Hazardous ingredients for labelling:Acetic acid ... %, Acetic anhydride

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

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Symbol(s)





H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. contains: Acetic acid ... %, Acetic anhydride

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | Identifier | Wt% | Classification acc. to GHS | Pictograms | Notes |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------|---|------------|-------------------------|
| Acetic acid % | CAS No 64-19-7 | ≥ 90 | Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 | | B(a) GHS-HC IOELV |
| | EC No 200-580-7 | | Lyc buill. 1711310 | | IOLEV |
| | Index No 607-002-00-6 | | | | |
| Acetic anhydride | CAS No 108-24-7 | < 2,5 | Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 | | |
| | EC No 203-564-8 | | Skin Corr. 1B / H314 | | |
| | Index No 607-008-00-9 | | | | |
| Perchloric acid% | CAS No 7601-90-3 | < 2,5 | Ox. Liq. 1 / H271 Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 | | B(a) GHS-HC |
| | EC No 231-512-4 | | Eye Dam. 1 / H318 | | |
| | Index No 017-006-00-4 | | | | |

Notes

The classification refers to an aqueous solution B(a):

GHŚ-HC: Harmonised classification (the classification of the substance corresponds to the entry in the list according to 1272/

Substance with a community indicative occupational exposure limit value

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| Name of sub- stance | Identifier | Specific Conc. Limits | M-Factors | ATE | Exposure route |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------|--|---------------------------------|
| Acetic acid % | CAS No 64-19-7 | Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 90 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 25 % ≤ C < 90 % | - | - | |
| | EC No 200-580-7 | Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 25 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 % | | | |
| | Index No 607-002-00-6 | Lyc Int. 2, 11313. 10 % 2 C 123 % | | | |
| Acetic anhydride | CAS No 108-24-7 | Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 5 % ≤ C < 25 % | - | 630 ^{mg} / _{kg} 11 ^{mg} / _l /4h | oral inhalation: va- pour |
| | EC No 203-564-8 | | | | pou. |
| | Index No 607-008-00-9 | | | | |
| Perchloric acid % | CAS No 7601-90-3 | Ox. Liq. 1; H271: C ≥ 50 % Ox. Liq. 2; H272: 0,000001 % ≤ C < 50 % | - | - | |
| | EC No 231-512-4 | Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 50 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 10 % ≤ C < 50 % | | | |
| | Index No 017-006-00-4 | Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 1 % ≤ C < 10 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 10 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 1 % ≤ C < 10 % | | | |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Irritant effects, Cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties, Following skin contact: Causes severe burns, Causes poorly healing wounds, After eye contact: Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness, Following ingestion: Corrosion, Gastric perforation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised. Danger of explosion.

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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in original container.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

| Cou ntr y | Name of agent | CAS No | Identi- fier | TW A [pp m] | TWA [mg/ m³] | STE [pp m] | STEL [mg/ m³] | Ceil ing- C [pp m] | Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³] | Nota- tion | Source |
|-----------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| EU | acetic acid | 64-19-7 | IOELV | 10 | 25 | 20 | 50 | | | | 2017/ 164/EU |
| GB | acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | WEL | 0,5 | 2,5 | 2 | 10 | | | | EH40/ 2005 |
| GB | acetic acid | 64-19-7 | WEL | 10 | 25 | 20 | 50 | | | | EH40/ 2005 |

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

TWA

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | End- point | Threshol d level | Protection goal, route of exposure | Used in | Exposure time |
|------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | DNEL | 12,6 mg/ m³ | human, inhalat- ory | worker (industry) | acute - local ef- fects |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | DNEL | 4,2 mg/m³ | human, inhalat- ory | worker (industry) | chronic - local ef- fects |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | DNEL | 4,2 mg/m³ | human, inhalat- ory | worker (industry) | chronic - systemic effects |

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | End- point | Threshol d level | Organism | Environmental compartment | Exposure time |
|------------------------|----------|---------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | PNEC | 30,58 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | water | intermittent re- lease |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | PNEC | 3,058 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | freshwater | short-term (single instance) |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | PNEC | 0,306 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | marine water | short-term (single instance) |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | PNEC | 115 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organ- isms | sewage treatment plant (STP) | short-term (single instance) |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | PNEC | 11,36 ^{mg} / | aquatic organ- isms | freshwater sedi- ment | short-term (single instance) |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | PNEC | 1,136 ^{mg} / kg | aquatic organ- isms | marine sediment | short-term (single instance) |

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| Relevant PNECs | Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | End- point | Threshol d level | Organism | Exposure time | | | | | |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | PNEC | 0,47 ^{mg} / _{kg} | terrestrial organ- isms | soil | short-term (single instance) | | | | |

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

0,7mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: E (against acidic gases like sulphur dioxide or hydrogen chloride, colour code: Yellow).

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Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Colour colourless

Odour like: - Acetic acid

17 °C Melting point/freezing point 117 °C Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flammability flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria

85 g/m³ (LEL) - 430 g/m³ (UEL) / 2 vol% (LEL) - 19,9 vol% (UEL) Lower and upper explosion limit

Flash point 40 °C 485 °C Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature not relevant 0,1 (20 °C) pH (value)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): this information is not available

20,79 hPa at 25 °C Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density

 $1,06^{9}/_{cm^3}$ Density

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

Other information 9.2

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Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Corrosive to metals category 1: corrosive to metals

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)

Maximum permissible surface temperature on

the equipment: 450°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

If heated

Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Danger of explosion: Peroxides, Perchlorates, Hydrogen peroxide, Chromium(VI) oxide, Permanganates, for example potassium permanganate, strong oxidiser,

Violent reaction with: Strong alkali, Aldehydes, Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Alcohols, Nitric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics, Rubber articles, different metals, iron, copper, bronze, brass, zinc

Release of flammable materials with

Metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

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Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

| Name of substance | CAS No | Exposure route | ATE |
|-------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | oral | 630 ^{mg} / _{kg} |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | inhalation: vapour | 11 ^{mg} / _l /4h |

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

| Name of substance | CAS No | Exposure route | Endpoint | Value | Species |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|----------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | oral | LD50 | 3.310 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rat |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | oral | LD50 | 630 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rat |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

irritant effects, cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties

If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

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Other information

none

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | LC50 | >300,8 ^{mg} / _l | fish | 96 h |
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | EC50 | >300,8 ^{mg} / _I | aquatic invertebrates | 48 h |
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | ErC50 | >300,8 ^{mg} / _I | algae | 72 h |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | LC50 | >1.000 ^{mg} / _I | fish | 96 h |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | EC50 | >1.000 ^{mg} / _I | aquatic invertebrates | 48 h |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | ErC50 | >1.000 ^{mg} / _I | algae | 72 h |
| Perchloric acid% | 7601-90-3 | EC50 | 1.470 ^{mg} / _l | fish | 96 h |
| Perchloric acid% | 7601-90-3 | ErC50 | >435,7 ^{mg} / _l | algae | 72 h |

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

| Name of sub- stance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Perchloric acid% | 7601-90-3 | EC50 | >1 ^g / _l | microorganisms | 30 min |

Biodegradation

Data are not available.

12.2 Process of degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

| Name of substance | CAS No | Process | Degrada- tion rate | Time | Method | Source |
|-----------------------|----------|----------------|-----------------------|------|-----------|------------|
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | biotic/abiotic | 99 % | 30 d | | |
| Acetic anhyd- ride | 108-24-7 | biotic/abiotic | >95 % | 5 d | MITI-Test | OECD- 302B |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

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| Name of substance | CAS No | BCF | Log KOW | BOD5/COD |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Acetic acid % | 64-19-7 | 3,16 | -0,17 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) | |
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | 3,16 | -0,577 (pH value: 7, 25 °C) | |
| Perchloric acid% | 7601-90-3 | >0,12 - <0,14 | | |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID UN 2789
IMDG-Code UN 2789
ICAO-TI UN 2789

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID ACETIC ACID SOLUTION

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| ai tici | e number. Ruzs | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|
| | IMDG-Code | ACETIC ACID SOLUTION |
| | ICAO-TI | Acetic acid solution |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | |
| | ADRRID | 8 (3) |
| | IMDG-Code | 8 (3) |
| | ICAO-TI | 8 (3) |
| 14.4 | Packing group | |
| | ADRRID | II |
| | IMDG-Code | II |
| | ICAO-TI | II |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations |

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

| Proper shipping name | ACETIC ACID SOLUTION |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Particulars in the transport document | UN2789, ACETIC ACID SOLUTION, 8 (3), II, (D/E) |
| Classification code | CF1 |
| Danger label(s) | 8+3 |
| | |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 1 L |
| Transport category (TC) | 2 |
| Tunnel restriction code (TRC) | D/E |

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

83

2P

| Classification code | 8 |
|---------------------|-----|
| Danger label(s) | 8+3 |





Hazard identification No

Emergency Action Code

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Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Hazard identification No 83

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ACETIC ACID SOLUTION

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2789, ACETIC ACID SOLUTION, 8 (3), II, 40°C

c.c.

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 8+3





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
EmS F-E, S-C

Stowage category A

Segregation group 1 - Acids

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Acetic acid solution

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2789, Acetic acid solution, 8 (3), II

Danger label(s) 8+3





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

| Name of substance | Name acc. to inventory | CAS No | Restriction | No |
|-------------------|--|--------|-------------|----|
| Perchloric acid | this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC | | R3 | 3 |
| Acetic anhydride | flammable / pyrophoric | | R40 | 40 |
| Acetic acid % | flammable / pyrophoric | | R40 | 40 |

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Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

| Name of substance | Name acc. to inventory | CAS No | Restriction | No |
|-------------------|---|--------|-------------|----|
| Acetic acid % | substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up | | R75 | 75 |
| Perchloric acid% | substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up | | R75 | 75 |

Legend

R3

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

tricks and jokes

- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.

3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume,

- or both, if they

- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and
 present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
 Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation
- (CEN).

 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packbefore the placing on the market, that the following require aging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met
- (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil or even sucking the wick of lamps may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black

opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';

R40

- Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

 metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- 'whoopee' cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.
- 2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:
- 'For professional users only.

 3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
- 4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

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Legend

R75

1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:
(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
(b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant

category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:

(i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator;
(ii) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;
(e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (*1), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
(f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:

(i) "Pierse off products":

(ii) "Rinse-off products";
(iii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
(iii) "Not to be used in eye products";
(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column; (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.

2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of

making a mark or design on his or her body

making a mark or design on his or her body.

3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:

(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);

(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).

5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such

stance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, para-

plication of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.

6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";

(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;

(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;

(d) the additional statement "PH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;

(e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;

(f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;

(g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No

(g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.
The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.

Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.

Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this paragraph. graph.

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8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

None of the ingredients are listed.

Seveso Directive

| 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------|-------|--|
| No | Dangerous substance/hazard categories | Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements | | Notes | |
| P5c | flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3) | 5.000 | 50.000 | 51) | |

Notation

51) Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

Deco-Paint Directive

| VOC content | 99,1 % |
|-------------|--------|
|-------------|--------|

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

| VOC content | 99,1 % | |
|-------------|--------|--|
| | | |

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

none of the ingredients are listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)

| Name of substance | Name acc. to inventory | CAS No | Listed in | Remarks |
|-------------------|--|--------|-----------|---------|
| Perchloric acid% | Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine- related functions in or via the aquatic environment | | a) | |

Legend

A) Indicative list of the main pollutants

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Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation on drug precursors

| Name of substance | CAS No | Classification | CN Code | Threshold level |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|------------|--------------------|
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | Category 2a | 2915 24 00 | 100 l |

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

none of the ingredients are listed

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

none of the ingredients are listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

UN Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances

| Name of substance | CAS No | Listed in | HS code |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Acetic anhydride | 108-24-7 | Table I | 2915.24 |

National inventories

| Country | Inventory | Status |
|---------|------------|--------------------------------|
| AU | AICS | all ingredients are listed |
| CA | DSL | all ingredients are listed |
| CN | IECSC | all ingredients are listed |
| EU | ECSI | all ingredients are listed |
| EU | REACH Reg. | all ingredients are listed |
| JP | CSCL-ENCS | all ingredients are listed |
| KR | KECI | all ingredients are listed |
| MX | INSQ | all ingredients are listed |
| NZ | NZIoC | all ingredients are listed |
| PH | PICCS | all ingredients are listed |
| TR | CICR | not all ingredients are listed |
| TW | TCSI | all ingredients are listed |
| US | TSCA | all ingredients are listed |

Legend

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances AICS CICR

CSCL-ENCS

DSL

ECSI IECSC

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

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National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|---|--|--------------------------|
| 2.1 | | Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 2.1 | | The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. | yes |
| 2.3 | Other hazards: There is no additional information. | Other hazards | yes |
| 2.3 | | Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. | yes |

Abbreviations and acronyms

| | - |
|-------------|---|
| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
| 2017/164/EU | Commission Directive establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU |
| Acute Tox. | Acute toxicity |
| ADN | Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways) |
| ADR | Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) |
| ATE | Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor |
| BOD | Biochemical Oxygen Demand |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |

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| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|------------|---|
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value |
| CLP | Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures |
| CN Code | Combined Nomenclature |
| COD | Chemical oxygen demand |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| DNEL | Derived No-Effect Level |
| EC50 | Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval |
| EC No | The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) |
| EH40/2005 | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/) |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances |
| EmS | Emergency Schedule |
| ErC50 | ≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control |
| Eye Dam. | Seriously damaging to the eye |
| Eye Irrit. | Irritant to the eye |
| Flam. Liq. | Flammable liquid |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations |
| HS | Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation) |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| ICAO-TI | Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| IMDG-Code | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| index No | The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 |
| IOELV | Indicative occupational exposure limit value |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LD50 | Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LEL | Lower explosion limit (LEL) |
| log KOW | n-Octanol/water |

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| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-------------|--|
| Met. Corr. | Substance or mixture corrosive to metals |
| NLP | No-Longer Polymer |
| Ox. Liq. | Oxidising liquid |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| PNEC | Predicted No-Effect Concentration |
| ppm | Parts per million |
| REACH | Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals |
| RID | Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) |
| Skin Corr. | Corrosive to skin |
| Skin Irrit. | Irritant to skin |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| SVHC | Substance of Very High Concern |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| UEL | Upper explosion limit (UEL) |
| VOC | Volatile Organic Compounds |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |
| WEL | Workplace exposure limit |

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

| Code | Text |
|------|---|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H271 | May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser. |
| H290 | May be corrosive to metals. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |

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Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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