United Kingdom (en)

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Ethanol ≥99,8 %, denatured

article number: **K928** Version: **8.0 en** Replaces version of: 2023-09-12 Version: (7)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	<b>Ethanol</b> ≥99,8 %, denatured
Article number	K928
Index No (GB CLP)	603-002-00-5
EC number	200-578-6
CAS number	64-17-5
Alternative name(s)	Ethyl alcohol

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or repackaging (excluding alloys)

Uses advised against:

Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

#### e-mail (competent person):

#### sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	



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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **Classification acc. to GHS**

Section	Hazard class		Hazard class and category	Hazard statement	
2.6	Flammable liquid		Flam. Liq. 2	H225	
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319	

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



#### Hazard statements

H225Highly flammable liquid and vapourH319Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P233 Keep container tightly closed

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

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3.1

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substances	
Name of substance	Ethanol
Molecular formula	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O
Molar mass	46,07 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
CAS No	64-17-5
EC No	200-578-6
Index No (GB CLP)	603-002-00-5

#### Impurities/additives/constituents:

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
2-Propanol	CAS No 67-63-0	1 - < 2
	EC No 200-661-7	
	Index No 603-117-00-0	
2-Butanone	CAS No 78-93-3	1-<2
	EC No 201-159-0	
	Index No 606-002-00-3	
Bitrex	CAS No 3734-33-6	< 0,1

#### Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



**General notes** 

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

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#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Nausea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, Breathing difficulties, Vertigo, Drowsiness, Narcosis, Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapourair mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.



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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory).

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.



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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### National limit values

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
GB	ethanol	64-17-5	WEL	1.00 0	1.920						EH40/ 2005

#### Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

#### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels								
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time				
DNEL	1.900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects				
DNEL	343 mg/kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				
DNEL	950 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects				

#### **Relevant DNELs of components**

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
2-Butanone	78-93-3	DNEL	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-Butanone	78-93-3	DNEL	1.161 mg/ kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-Propanol	67-63-0	DNEL	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-Propanol	67-63-0	DNEL	1.000 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
2-Propanol	67-63-0	DNEL	888 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

#### **Environmental values**

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End- point	Thres lev			Organism			Environmental com- partment		Exposure time	
PNEC	0,79 <sup>m</sup>	<sup>ng</sup> / <sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub>		unkno	wn	marine wat	er	intermittent release		
PNEC	2,75 <sup>m</sup>	<sup>ng</sup> / <sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub>		unkno	wn	air		inte	rmittent release	
PNEC	3,6 <sup>m</sup>	g/ <sub>cm³</sub>		unkno	wn	freshwater sed	iment	inte	rmittent release	
PNEC	0,96 <sup>m</sup>	<sup>ng</sup> / <sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub>		unkno	wn	freshwate	r	inte	rmittent release	
PNEC	0,63 <sup>m</sup>	<sup>ng</sup> / <sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub>		unkno	wn	soil		inte	rmittent release	
PNEC	580 <sup>m</sup>	g/ <sub>cm³</sub>		unkno	wn	sewage treatme (STP)	nt plant	inte	rmittent release	
Relevant	PNECs	of com	pone	ents						
Name o stan		CASI	No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environ compar		Exposure time	
2-Butar	none	78-93	3-3	PNEC	55,8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshv	vater	short-term (sing instance)	
2-Butar	none	78-93	8-3	PNEC	55,8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water		short-term (sing instance)	
2-Butar	none	78-93	8-3	PNEC	709 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage tr plant		short-term (sing instance)	
2-Butar	none	78-93	3-3	PNEC	284,7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwat me		short-term (sing instance)	
2-Butar	none	78-93	3-3	PNEC	284,7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine se	ediment	short-term (sing instance)	
2-Butar	none	78-93	8-3	PNEC	22,5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	SO	il	short-term (sing instance)	
2-Prop	anol	67-63	3-0	PNEC	140,9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshv	vater	short-term (sing instance)	
2-Prop	anol	67-63	3-0	PNEC	140,9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine	water	short-term (sing instance)	
2-Prop	anol	67-63	3-0	PNEC	2.251 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)		short-term (sing instance)	
2-Prop	anol	67-63	3-0	PNEC	552 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment		short-term (sing instance)	
2-Prop	anol	67-63	8-0	PNEC	552 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine se	ediment	short-term (sing instance)	
2-Prop	anol	67-63	8-0	PNEC	28 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	SO	il	short-term (sing instance)	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment) Eye/face protection

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Use safety goggle with side protection.

**Skin protection** 



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### material thickness

0,7mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Flame-retardant protective clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown).

#### Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical properties					
	Physical state	liquid				
	Colour	colourless				
	Odour	pungent				
	Odour threshold	0,1 – 5.058 ppm				
	Melting point/freezing point	-114 °C				
	Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	78 °C at 1.013 hPa				
	Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria				
	Lower and upper explosion limit	2,5 vol% (LEL) - 13,5 vol% (UEL)				
	Flash point	12 °C (c.c.)				
	Auto-ignition temperature	455 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA) (auto-ignition temper- ature (liquids and gases))				
	Decomposition temperature	not relevant				
	pH (value)	7 (in aqueous solution: 10 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> , 20 °C) (neutral)				
	Kinematic viscosity	not determined				
	Dynamic viscosity	0,544 – 0,59 mPa s at 25 °C				
	Solubility(ies)					
	Water solubility	≥1.000 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20 °C (ECHA)				
	, ,					
	Partition coefficient					
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-0,35 (pH value: 7,4, 24 °C) (ECHA)				
	Vapour pressure	57,26 hPa at 19,6 °C				
	Density and/or relative density					
	Density	0,79 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C				
	Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)				
	Other safety parameters					
	Oxidising properties	none				
9.2	Other information					
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	There is no additional information.				
	Other safety characteristics:					

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#### Miscibility

Gas group (explosion group)

completely miscible with water

#### IIB

Maximum Experimental Safe Gap value; 0,5 mm  $\leq$  MESG  $\leq$  0,9 mm

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### If heated

Risk of ignition.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Violent reaction with:** strong oxidiser, Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metal, Acetic anhydride, Peroxides, Phosphorus oxides (e.g. P2O5), Nitric acid, Nitrate, Perchlorates, => Explosive properties

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### **10.5** Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity								
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source			
oral	LD50	10.470 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA			
inhalation: vapour	LC50	116,9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat		ECHA			

cute toxicity of components									
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species				
2-Butanone	78-93-3	dermal	LD50	6.480 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit				
2-Butanone	78-93-3	oral	LD50	2.054 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat				



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Acute toxicity of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	37,5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	oral	LD50	5.045 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	dermal	LD50	12.800 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit	
Bitrex	3734-33-6	oral	LD50	584 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat	

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

vomiting, abdominal pain, nausea, Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed, loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

#### • If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

#### • If inhaled

drowsiness, narcosis, vertigo, breathing difficulties, Inebriation

#### • If on skin

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation)

#### Other information

none

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#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (a	Aquatic toxicity (acute)							
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time				
LC50	15.400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	96 h				
EC50	>10.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h				
ErC50	22.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	96 h				

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
2-Butanone	78-93-3	LC50	2.993 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
2-Butanone	78-93-3	EC50	308 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-Butanone	78-93-3	ErC50	1.972 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h
2-Propanol	67-63-0	LC50	10.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2,084 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1,911 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

#### Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability						
Process	Degradation rate	Time				
biotic/abiotic	94 %	d				
oxygen depletion	69 %	5 d				

Degradability of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
2-Butanone	78-93-3	oxygen deple- tion	98 %	28 d		ECHA

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Degradability of components							
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	biotic/abiotic	95 %	21 d	modifizierter OECD Screen- ing Test		
2-Propanol	67-63-0	oxygen deple- tion	53 %	5 d		ECHA	

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0,35 (pH value: 7,4, 24 °C) (ECHA)
BOD5/COD	0,62110553

#### Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
2-Butanone	78-93-3		0,3 (pH value: 7, 40 °C)	
2-Propanol	67-63-0		0,05	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

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#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

SECTION 14: Transport information

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 3 flammable

HP 4 irritant - skin irritation and eye damage

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

14.1	UN number or ID number			
	ADRRID	UN 1170		
	IMDG-Code	UN 1170		
	ICAO-TI	UN 1170		
14.2	UN proper shipping name			
	ADRRID	ETHANOL		
	IMDG-Code	ETHANOL		
	ICAO-TI	Ethanol		
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)			
	ADRRID	3		
	IMDG-Code	3		
	ICAO-TI	3		
14.4	Packing group			
	ADRRID	II		
	IMDG-Code	II		
	ICAO-TI	II		
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations		
14.6	Special precautions for user			
	Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.			
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments			

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

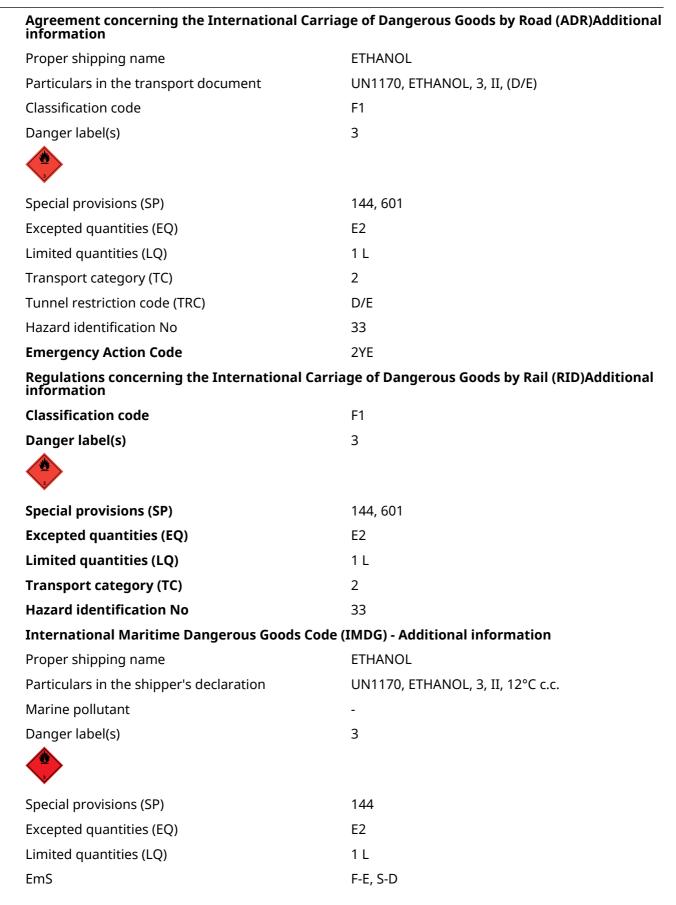
#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations



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Stowage category	A
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAC	-IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	Ethanol
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1170, Ethanol, 3, II
Danger label(s)	3
Special provisions (SP)	A3, A58, A180
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)						
Νο	No Dangerous substance/hazard categories Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier re- quirements						
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000	50.000	51)			

#### Notation

51) Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	100 %	
VOC content	790 <sup>g</sup> /l	

#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	790 <sup>g</sup> /l

## Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

# Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



#### Ethanol ≥99,8 %, denatured

#### article number: K928

Vater Framework Directive (WFD)				
List of pollutants (WFD)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Ethanol	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine- related functions in or via the aquatic environment		a)	

#### Legend

a) Indicative list of the main pollutants

## Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

#### **Regulation on drug precursors**

not listed

#### Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

#### Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

#### **Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)**

not listed

#### National regulations(GB)

List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list not listed

#### **Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17**

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)			
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
Ethanol	this product meets the criteria for classi- fication in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		3
Ethanol	flammable / pyrophoric		40

#### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Ethanol ≥99,8 %, denatured

#### article number: K928



#### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



#### Ethanol ≥99,8 %, denatured

#### article number: K928

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern- ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
log KOW	n-Octanol/water

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



#### Ethanol ≥99,8 %, denatured

#### article number: **K928**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.