

# Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



**Formamide ≥99,5 %, BioScience-Grade, RNase/DNase free, deionized**

article number: **P040**  
Version: **GHS 3.0 en**  
Replaces version of: 2023-07-19  
Version: (GHS 2)

date of compilation: 2021-10-13  
Revision: 2024-03-02

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance **Formamide ≥99,5 %, BioScience-Grade, RNase/DNase free, deionized**

Article number P040

CAS number 75-12-7

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical  
Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-stuffs.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG  
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5  
D-76185 Karlsruhe  
Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0  
**Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149  
**e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de  
**Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Department Health, Safety and Environment

**e-mail (competent person):** **sicherheit@carlroth.de**

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 Westmead, NSW	131126	

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.6	Carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	1B	Repr. 1B	H360FD
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## **The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects**

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

## **2.2 Label elements**

### **Labelling**

#### **Signal word**

**Danger**

#### **Pictograms**

GHS08



#### **Hazard statements**

H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed)

#### **Precautionary statements**

##### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

##### **Precautionary statements - response**

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

##### **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant
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For professional users only

## **2.3 Other hazards**

### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Formamide
Molecular formula	CH <sub>3</sub> NO
Molar mass	45.02 g/mol
CAS No	75-12-7

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following ingestion

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings!  
water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

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## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Avoid exposure.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: -20 °C

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## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### National limit values

#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Notation	Source
AU	formamide	75-12-7	WES	10	18					H	WES

#### Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

H Absorbed through the skin

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	6.66 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
DNEL	6.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	0.952 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

#### Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
PNEC	5 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
PNEC	0.5 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.5 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	100 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	1.26 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.151 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

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## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



##### • hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

##### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

##### • material thickness

$\geq 0,3$  mm

##### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

##### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of  $> 65$  °C , colour code: Brown).

#### Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless - light yellow
Odour	like ammonia
Melting point/freezing point	2.6 °C (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	218.3 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	2.7 vol% (LEL) - 19 vol% (UEL)
Flash point	152 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature	>500 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA) (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Decomposition temperature	>140 °C at 1,013 hPa (ECHA)
pH (value)	5 - 6 (20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	3.331 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 20 °C
Dynamic viscosity	3.764 mPa s at 20 °C
<u>Solubility(ies)</u>	
Water solubility	1,000 g/l at 25 °C (ECHA)
<u>Partition coefficient</u>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-0.82 (25 °C) (ECHA)
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	0.93 (ECHA)
Vapour pressure	1.001 hPa at 55.01 °C
<u>Density and/or relative density</u>	
Density	1.13 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C (ECHA)
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
<u>Other safety parameters</u>	
Oxidising properties	none

### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
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Other safety characteristics:

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

#### If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Violent reaction with:** strong oxidiser, Strong acid, Strong alkali, Hydrogen peroxide,  
=> Explosive properties

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decomposition takes place from temperatures above: >140 °C at 1,013 hPa.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
inhalation: vapour	LC50	>21 mg/l/4h	rat	acute inhalation toxicity	
oral	LD50	5,325 mg/kg	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>3,000 mg/kg	rat		ECHA

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.



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## Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

## Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. May damage fertility.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	blood	if swallowed

## Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### • If swallowed

Data are not available.

### • If in eyes

Data are not available.

### • If inhaled

Data are not available.

### • If on skin

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

### • Other information

Liver and kidney damage, Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	6,569 mg/l	fish	ECHA	96 h
EC50	>500 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	>500 mg/l	algae	ECHA	72 h

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	$>1,000 \text{ mg/l}$	microorganisms	ECHA	30 min

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification):  $0.3554 \text{ mg/mg}$

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification):  $1.777 \text{ mg/mg}$

Theoretical Carbon Dioxide:  $0.9775 \text{ mg/mg}$

### Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	90 – 100 %	28 d
DOC removal	4 %	1 d

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0.82 (25 °C) (ECHA)
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## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	$0 \text{ Pa m}^3/\text{mol}$ at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	0.93 (ECHA)

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

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## Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

## Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H11** Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

## 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>   | not subject to transport regulations                                  |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>   | not assigned  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>  | not assigned  |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>   | not assigned  |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>   | non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>  | There is no additional information.                                   |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b>                                | The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.                      |
| <b>14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations</b>                              |   |
| <b>Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)</b>           | Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG                         |
| <b>International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information</b>        | Not subject to IMDG.  |
| <b>International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information</b> | Not subject to ICAO-IATA.   |

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**  
There is no additional information.
- National regulations(Australia)**  
**Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)**  
Substance is listed.
- Other information**  
Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

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### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$ .	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$ .	yes

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## Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).

## Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.