according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



### Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) PEPTIPURE® ≥99,9 %, for peptide synthesis

article number: **P088** Version: **5.0 en** Replaces version of: 2022-01-19 Version: (4)

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substanceTrifluoroacetic acid (TFA) PEPTIPURE® ≥99,9 %,<br/>for peptide synthesisArticle numberP088Registration number (REACH)01-2119548396-29-xxxxIndex number in CLP Annex VI607-091-00-1EC number200-929-3CAS number76-05-1Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

### e-mail (competent person):

### sicherheit@carlroth.de

### **1.4** Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	Beaumont Road	Dublin 9	+353 1 809 2166	https:// www.poisons.ie/

date of compilation: 2015-10-20

Revision: 2024-03-02

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Skin Corr. 1A	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

### Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07



### **Hazard statements**

H290	May be corrosive to metals
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### **Precautionary statements**

### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260	Do not breathe gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

### **Precautionary statements - response**

P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
P304+P340 P305+P351+P338	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
P312	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell

#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

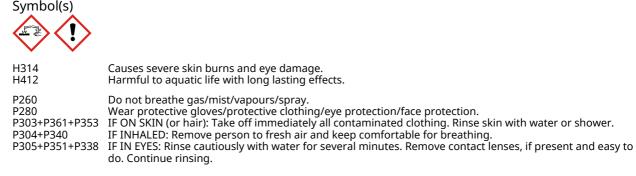
Signal word: Danger

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### 2.3 Other hazards

#### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Trifluoroacetic acid	
Molecular formula	$C_2HF_3O_2$
Molar mass	114 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
REACH Reg. No	01-2119548396-29-xxxx
CAS No	76-05-1
EC No	200-929-3
Index No	607-091-00-1

 Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

 Specific Conc. Limits
 M-Factors
 ATE
 Exposure route

 11 mg/l/4h
 inhalation: vapour

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

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### Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment reguired because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eves flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Gastric perforation, Nausea, Vomiting, Unconsciousness, Headache, Circulatory collapse, Dyspnoea, Pulmonary oedema, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 **Extinguishing media**



### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Hydrogen fluoride (HF)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.



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### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed. Hygroscopic.

### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

### Protect against external exposure, such as

high temperatures, humidity

#### Consideration of other advice:

### **Ventilation requirements**

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **National limit values**

### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

This information is not available.

### Human health values

### Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	2,67 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
DNEL	16 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

### **Environmental values**

### **Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels**

End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
PNEC	0,56 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,056 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	83,2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	2,36 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,236 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	4,7 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

### **Skin protection**



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### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

### • type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

≥0,5 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: B-P2 (combined filters for acidic gases and particles, colour code: Grey/White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	stinging
Melting point/freezing point	-15,2 °C (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	71,78 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	>100 °C at 101,3 kPa (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	1 (in aqueous solution: 10 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> , 20 °C) (ECHA)



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	Kinematic viscosity	not determined
	Dynamic viscosity	0,9 – 9 mPa s at 20 °C
	Solubility(ies)	
	Water solubility	1.520 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20 °C (ECHA)
	Partition coefficient	
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	0,5 (ECHA)
	Vapour pressure	12,4 kPa at 20 °C
	Density and/or relative density	
	Density	1,479 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 24,77 °C (ECHA)
	Relative vapour density	3,94 (air = 1)
	Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
	Other safety parameters	
	Oxidising properties	none
9.2	Other information	
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	
	Corrosive to metals	category 1: corrosive to metals
	Other safety characteristics:	
	Surface tension	72,5 <sup>mN</sup> / <sub>m</sub> (20 °C) (ECHA)

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

### If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Moisture-sensitive.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Alkali (lye), Ammonia (NH3), Dangerous/dangerous reactions with: Acids, Danger of explosion: Hydrides

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat.

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- **10.5** Incompatible materials different plastics, different metals
  - **Release of toxic materials with** Acids.
- **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

### Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

### • If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

### • If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

### If inhaled

irritant effects, cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties

### • If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds



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### Other information

Other adverse effects: Renal impairment, Circulatory collapse, Headache, Unconsciousness

- **11.2** Endocrine disrupting properties Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .
- 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
LC50	>999 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	96 h	
EC50	>999 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	
ErC50	237,1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	72 h	

### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	>25 <sup>mg</sup> /I	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	21 d

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0,3508 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 0,7719 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
oxygen depletion	0 %	28 d

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0,5 (ECHA)
---------------------------	------------

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .



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### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 4 irritant - skin irritation and eye damage

- HP 6 acute toxicity
- HP8 corrosive
- HP 14 ecotoxic

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID	UN 2699
IMDG-Code	UN 2699
ICAO-TI	UN 2699
UN proper shipping name	
ADRRID	TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID
IMDG-Code	TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID
ICAO-TI	Trifluoroacetic acid
Transport hazard class(es)	
ADRRID	8
IMDG-Code	8
ICAO-TI	8
	IMDG-Code ICAO-TI UN proper shipping name ADRRID IMDG-Code ICAO-TI Transport hazard class(es) ADRRID IMDG-Code

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14.4	Packing group	
	ADRRID	Ι
	IMDG-Code	Ι
	ICAO-TI	Ι
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be c	omplied within the premises.
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO in	struments
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regulation	ons
	Agreement concerning the International Carria information	ge of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional

Proper shipping name	TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID
Particulars in the transport document	UN2699, TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID, 8, I, (E)
Classification code	C3
Danger label(s)	8
Excepted quantities (EQ)	EO
Limited quantities (LQ)	0
Transport category (TC)	1
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	E
Hazard identification No	88
Regulations concerning the International Carri information	iage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional
Classification code	C3
Danger label(s)	8
Excepted quantities (EQ)	EO
Limited quantities (LQ)	0
Transport category (TC)	1
Hazard identification No	88

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International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	(IMDG) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2699, TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID, 8, I
Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	8
Excepted quantities (EQ)	EO
Limited quantities (LQ)	0
EmS	F-A, S-B
Stowage category	В
Segregation group	1 - Acids
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAC	-IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	Trifluoroacetic acid
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2699, Trifluoroacetic acid, 8, I
Danger label(s)	8

Excepted quantities (EQ)

E0

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 **Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)** 

**Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII** 

ingerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)	substances in tattoo inks and perman- ent make-up		R75	75

Legend

R3

1. Shall not be used in: - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

- tricks and jokes,

games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume,

and not be placed on the market any second placed on the market any second placed on the market any second placed on the second placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation

(CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and pack-aging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following require-



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ments are met:

ments are met: (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';



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8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.



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9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

#### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
Νο	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the ap- plication of lower and upper-tier re- quirements	Notes	
	not assigned			

### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.479 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

#### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.479 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

# Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

# Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

#### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)	Organohalogen compounds and substances which may form such compounds in the aquatic envir- onment		a)	

#### Legend

a) Indicative list of the main pollutants

### **Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors** not listed

not listed

**Regulation on drug precursors** not listed

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### Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

### Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

### **Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)**

not listed

### **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



### Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) PEPTIPURE® ≥99,9 %, for peptide synthesis

article number: **P088** 

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Regulations concerning the International Car- riage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Addition- al information	yes
14.8		Classification code: C3	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 8	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E0	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 0	yes
14.8		Transport category (TC): 1	yes
14.8		Hazard identification No: 88	yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % , 1.479 <sup>g</sup> /l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 1.479 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes
15.2	Chemical Safety Assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been car- ried out for this substance.	Chemical safety assessment: According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant.	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern- ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.