#### Australia (en)

# Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

# Potassium hydroxide in ethanol 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution, denatured

article number: **P706** Version: **GHS 3.0 en** Replaces version of: 2022-09-15 Version: (GHS 2)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

# 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance

**Potassium hydroxide in ethanol** 0,1 mol/l - 0,1 N, volumetric standard solution, denatured

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# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory and analytical use Laboratory chemical

Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

# **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

# e-mail (competent person):

# sicherheit@carlroth.de

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16



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# **The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects** The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

**Pictograms** 





# **Hazard statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H319	Causes serious eye irritation

## **Precautionary statements**

## **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
P233	Keep container tightly closed

## **Precautionary statements - response**

P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

## **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

## **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

# 2.3 Other hazards

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

# 3.2 Mixtures

# **Description of the mixture**

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Ethanol	CAS No 64-17-5 EC No 200-578-6	85 - < 90	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319		

## Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures



## **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

## **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

## Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

## **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting, Irritation, Cough, Dizziness, The product causes narcotic-like effects, Inebriation, Corrosive, Diminished responsiveness, Poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media



## Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapourair mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



## For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

## Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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# 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

# Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

## Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

## Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

## Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

**National limit values** 

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# **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

_		-			_	-						
	Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
	AU	ethyl alcohol (ethan- ol)	64-17-5	WES	1,00 0	1,880						WES

#### Notation

TWA

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur STEL

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

# Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

#### type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

## material thickness

0.7 mm

## breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

## • Splash protection - Protective gloves

- type of material: CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber
- material thickness: 0,65 mm
- breakthrough times of the glove material:
- >60 minutes (permeation: level 3)

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#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

# **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65  $^{\circ}$ C, colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	clear
Odour	like: - alcohol
Melting point/freezing point	~-114 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	~78 °C
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	3.1 vol% (LEL) - 27.7 vol% (UEL)
Flash point	12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	425 °C
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	14
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	this information is not available
Vapour pressure	59 hPa
Density and/or relative density	
Density	~0.827 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.

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Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	none
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	
Corrosive to metals	category 1: corrosive to metals
Other safety characteristics:	
Miscibility	completely miscible with water

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### If heated

Risk of ignition.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Violent reaction with:** strong oxidiser, Strong acid, Nitric acid, Hydrogen peroxide, Alkali metal, Alkaline earth metal, Chlorine, Fluorine, Silver, Permanganates

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

different different metals

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## **11.1** Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

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Acute toxicity of components									
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species				
Ethanol	64-17-5	oral	LD50	10,470 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat				
Ethanol	64-17-5	inhalation: va- pour	LC50	124.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat				

# Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

# Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

## **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## • If swallowed

nausea, vomiting, poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness

# • If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

# • If inhaled

cough, pain, choking, and breathing difficulties

## • If on skin

Data are not available.

# • Other information

Corrosive, Irritant, Cough, Inebriation

# **11.2** Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components								
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time			
Ethanol	64-17-5	LC50	15,400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h			
Ethanol	64-17-5	EC50	>10,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h			
Ethanol	64-17-5	ErC50	22,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h			

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of sub- stance			Value	Species	Exposure time			
Ethanol	64-17-5	LC50	1,806 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	10 d			
Ethanol	64-17-5	ErC50	675 <sup>mg</sup> /l	algae	4 d			

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	94 %	d

# Degradability of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source
Ethanol	64-17-5	biotic/abiotic	94 %	d		
Ethanol	64-17-5	oxygen deple- tion	69 %	5 d		ECHA
Ethanol	64-17-5	oxygen deple- tion	84 %	10 d		ECHA
Ethanol	64-17-5	oxygen deple- tion	97 %	20 d		ECHA

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components				
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Ethanol	64-17-5		-0.31	0.6211

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# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

**12.5** Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

## Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H3 Flammable liquids

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

	UN RTDG	UN 2924
	IMDG-Code	UN 2924
	ICAO-TI	UN 2924
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
	IMDG-Code	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
	ICAO-TI	Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
	Technical name (hazardous ingredients)	Ethanol, Potassium hydroxide



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14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	3 (8)
	IMDG-Code	3 (8)
	ICAO-TI	3 (8)
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

# **14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

# 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)			
UN number	2924		
Class	3		
Subsidiary risk(s)	8		
Packing group	II		
Danger label(s)	3+8		
Special provisions (SP)	274 UN RTDG		
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2 UN RTDG		
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L UN RTDG		
Emergency Action Code	3WE		
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	e (IMDG) - Additional information		
Proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.		
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2924, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S., (contains: Ethanol, Potassium hydroxide), 3 (8), II, 12°C c.c.		
Marine pollutant	-		
Danger label(s)	3+8		

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Special provisions (SP)	274
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
EmS	F-E, S-C
Stowage category	В
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO	-IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2924, Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s., (con- tains: Ethanol, Potassium hydroxide), 3 (8), II
Danger label(s)	3+8
Special provisions (SP)	A3
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	0,5 L

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 There is no additional information.

# National regulations(Australia)

# Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

# **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

## National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed

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Country	Inventory	Status
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	all ingredients are listed

#### Legend

Legena	
AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

# 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - response: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 3WE	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

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	and acronyms	
Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye	
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye	
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during specified time interval	
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)	
log KOW	n-Octanol/water	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
ppm	Parts per million	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
TWA	Time-weighted average
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

## Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

# Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.