acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709 date of compilation: 2021-08-25 Version: GHS 2.0 en Revision: 2024-02-16

Replaces version of: 2021-08-25

Version: (GHS 1)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Sulphuric acid** 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric

standard solution

P709 Article number

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for private purposes (household).

Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

Emergency telephone number 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

2.2 Label elements

Page 1 / 15 Australia (en)

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

Labelling

Signal word Warning

Pictograms

GHS05



Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves

Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Specific treatment (see on this label) P321

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 **Mixtures**

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Sulphuric acid%	CAS No 7664-93-9	2-<3	Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Skin Corr. 1 / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		B(a) IARC: 1 RoC
	EC No 231-639-5			•	"Known"

Notes

B(a): The classification refers to an aqueous solution

IARC: 1: IARC group 1: carcinogenic to humans (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
ROC NTP-RoC: Known To Be A Human Carcinogen

"Known"

Australia (en) Page 2 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Irritant effects

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Australia (en) Page 3 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

No special measures are necessary.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

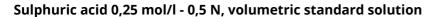
Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



article number: P709



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source	
AU	sulfuric acid	7664-93- 9	WES		1		3				WES	

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

TWA

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.05 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.1 mg/m ³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.003 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	PNEC	8.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / kg	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

Australia (en) Page 5 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: E (against acidic gases like sulphur dioxide or hydrogen chloride, colour code: Yellow). Usually no personal respirative protection necessary.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless
Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point not determined

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 100 °C

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

Australia (en) Page 6 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

Flash point not determined

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature not relevant

pH (value) <2 (20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure 23 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density 1.014 ^g/_{cm³} at 20 °C

Relative vapour density Information on this property is not available.

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Corrosive to metals category 1: corrosive to metals

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility completely miscible with water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Strong alkali

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

Australia (en) Page 7 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

ROTH

Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

10.5 Incompatible materials

different metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	oral	LD50	2,140 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

causes skin irritation

Other information

Due to its pH value (see section 9), irritation of the skin and eyes cannot be ruled out

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time		
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h		

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Australia (en) Page 9 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

ROTH

Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H8 Corrosives

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN	num	ber
14.1	UIV	HUHH	NCI

UN RTDG	UN 3264
IMDG-Code	UN 3264
ICAO-TI	UN 3264

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) Sulphuric acid ...%

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 8
IMDG-Code 8
ICAO-TI 8

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Australia (en) Page 10 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 3264
Class 8
Packing group III
Danger label(s) 8

Special provisions (SP) 223, 274 UN RTDG

ONKIDO

Excepted quantities (EQ)

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

UN RTDG

Emergency Action Code 2X

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGAN-

IC, N.O.Ś., (contains: Sulphuric acid ...%), 8, III

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 8

Special provisions (SP) 223, 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category A

Segregation group 1 - Acids

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3264, Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.,

(contains: Sulphuric acid ...%), 8, III

Danger label(s) 8

Special provisions (SP) A3
Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Australia (en) Page 11 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

UN Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances

Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	HS code
Sulphuric acid%	7664-93-9	Table II	2807.00

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

Legend

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) AIIC

CICR CSCL-ENCS

DSL ECSI Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.
REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

Australia (en) Page 12 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.2	Technical name (hazardous ingredients): SULPHURIC ACID, Sulphuric acid%	Technical name (hazardous ingredients): Sulphuric acid%	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2X	yes
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INOR- GANIC, N.O.S., (SULPHURIC ACID, Sulphuric acid %, solution), 8, III	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INOR- GANIC, N.O.S., (contains: Sulphuric acid%), 8, III	yes
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3264, Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s., (SULPHURIC ACID, Sulphuric acid%, solution), 8, III	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3264, Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s., (contains: Sulphuric acid%), 8, III	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye

Australia (en) Page 13 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HS	Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
Met. Corr.	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NTP-RoC	National Toxicology Program: Report on Carcinogens
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Australia (en) Page 14 / 15

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Sulphuric acid 0,25 mol/l - 0,5 N, volumetric standard solution

article number: P709

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 15 / 15