## Australia (en)

article number: PY99

**RBS® T 105**, Laboratory cleaning agent

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Safety data sheet Safety data sheet

#### date of compilation: 2019-07-25 Version: GHS 3.0 en Replaces version of: 2022-10-26

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### **Product identifier** 1.1

Version: (GHS 2)

Identification of the substance

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#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use Cleaning agent

Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

#### e-mail (competent person):

## sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### **Emergency telephone number** 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1

#### **Classification acc. to GHS**

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.16	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318



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Supplem	ental hazard information
Code	Supplemental hazard information
AUH031	contact with acids liberates toxic gas

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling

Signal word Danger

## Pictograms

GHS05



#### **Hazard statements**

H290	May be corrosive to metals
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260	Do not breathe dusts or mists
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin
	with water or shower
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

#### **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

#### Supplemental hazard information

AUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

#### Hazardous ingredients for labelling:

Fatty alcohol alkoxylate acid phosphate ester, Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite, solution ... % Cl active

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#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\ge$  0,1%.

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
tetra-Potassium pyro- phosphate	CAS No 7320-34-5 EC No 230-785-7	< 15	Eye Irrit. 2A / H319		
Fatty alcohol al- koxylate acid phos- phate ester	CAS No 68649-29-6	< 5	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		
Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active	CAS No 7681-52-9 EC No 231-668-3	< 5	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		B(a)
Sodium hydroxide	CAS No 1310-73-2 EC No 215-185-5	< 2	Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318	A CONTRACT OF CONTRACT.	

#### Notes

B(a): The classification refers to an aqueous solution

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

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#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Corrosion, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes

conosion, hisk of billioness, dastric perforation, hisk of serious damage to eyes

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

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#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Do not keep the container sealed. Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### National limit values

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	sodium hydroxide	1310-73- 2	WES						2		WES

Notation

STEL

TWA

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15minute period (unless otherwise specified)

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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Relevant DNELs of components								
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time		
tetra-Potassium pyrophosphate	7320-34-5	DNEL	17.63 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		
Sodium hypochlor- ite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	DNEL	1.55 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects		
Sodium hypochlor- ite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	DNEL	3.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects		
Sodium hypochlor- ite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	DNEL	1.55 mg/ m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects		
Sodium hypochlor- ite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	DNEL	3.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects		

#### **Relevant PNECs of components**

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Sodium hypochlor- ite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	PNEC	0.21 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Sodium hypochlor- ite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	PNEC	0.042 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Sodium hypochlor- ite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	PNEC	4.69 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

## Skin protection



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#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

0,3 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: ABEK (combined filters against gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	yellow
Odour	odourless
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	13.3 (20 °C)

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	Kinematic viscosity	1.964 <sup>mm²</sup> / <sub>s</sub> at 20 °C
	Dynamic viscosity	2.2 mPa s at 20 °C
	Solubility(ies)	
	Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
	Partition coefficient	
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not relevant (inorganic)
	Vapour pressure	not determined
	Density and/or relative density	
	Density	1.12 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
	Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
	Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
	Other safety parameters	
	Oxidising properties	none
9.2	Other information	
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	
	Corrosive to metals	category 1: corrosive to metals
	Other safety characteristics:	
	Miscibility	completely miscible with water

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Strong acid

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

different metals

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#### Release of flammable materials with

Metals, Light metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

#### Release of toxic materials with

Acids.

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### **Classification procedure**

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components				
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE	
Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	oral	1,100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	

#### Acute toxicity of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species		
tetra-Potassium pyrophosphate	7320-34-5	dermal	LD50	>2,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		
Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	oral	LD50	1,100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		
Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	dermal	LD50	>20,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

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#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### • If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

#### • If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### • If inhaled

Data are not available.

#### • If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

#### Other information

none

#### **11.2** Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
tetra-Potassium pyro- phosphate	7320-34-5	LC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
tetra-Potassium pyro- phosphate	7320-34-5	EC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	
tetra-Potassium pyro- phosphate	7320-34-5	ErC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h	
Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	EC50	35 <sup>µg</sup> /I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	
Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9	ErC50	0.036 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	LC50	<180 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	EC50	40.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h	

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time	
tetra-Potassium pyro- phosphate	7320-34-5	EC50	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	3 h	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	EC50	22 <sup>mg</sup> /l	microorganisms	15 min	

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active	7681-52-9		-3.42 (pH value: 12.5, 20 °C)	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

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#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN number	
	UN RTDG	UN 3266
	IMDG-Code	UN 3266
	ICAO-TI	UN 3266
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
	IMDG-Code	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
	ICAO-TI	Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s.
	Technical name (hazardous ingredients)	Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite, solu- tion % Cl active
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	8
	IMDG-Code	8
	ICAO-TI	8
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	III
	IMDG-Code	III
	ICAO-TI	III
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14 7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instrument	·c

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)				
UN number 3266				
Class	8			
Packing group	III			
Danger label(s)	8			





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Special provisions (SP)	223, 274 UN RTDG
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1 UN RTDG
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L UN RTDG
Emergency Action Code	2X
International Maritime Dangerous Goods (	Code (IMDG) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3266, CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGAN N.O.S., (contains: Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hy pochlorite, solution % Cl active), 8, III
Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	8
Special provisions (SP)	223, 274
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L
EmS	F-A, S-B
Stowage category	Α
Segregation group	18 - Alkalis
International Civil Aviation Organization (I	CAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s.
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN3266, Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o. (contains: Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlo ite, solution % Cl active), 8, III
Danger label(s)	8
Special provisions (SP)	A3
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **15.1** Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

#### National regulations(Australia)

#### Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

#### **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

#### National inventories

#### Legend

AIICAustralian Inventory of Industrial ChemicalsCICRChemical Inventory and Control RegulationCSCL-ENCSList of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)DSLDomestic Substances List (DSL)ECSIEC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)IECSCInventory of Existing Chemical SubstancesINSQNational Inventory of Chemical SubstancesISHA-ENCSInventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)KECIKorea Existing Chemicals InventoryNZIOCNew Zealand Inventory of ChemicalsPICCSPhilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)REACH Reg.REACH registered substancesTCSITaiwan Chemical Substance InventoryTSCAToxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		Supplemental hazard information	yes
2.1		Supplemental hazard information: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Skin corrosion produces an irreversible dam- age to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.	yes
2.2	Signal word: Warning	Signal word: Danger	yes
2.2		Pictograms: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - response: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - disposal	yes
2.2		Precautionary statements - disposal: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Supplemental hazard information	yes
2.2		Supplemental hazard information: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Fatty alcohol alkoxylate acid phosphate ester, Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite, solu- tion % Cl active	yes
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.1	UN number: not subject to transport regulations	UN number	yes
14.1		UN RTDG: UN 3266	yes
14.1		IMDG-Code: UN 3266	yes
14.1		ICAO-TI: UN 3266	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety relev- ant
14.2	UN proper shipping name: not assigned	UN proper shipping name	yes
14.2		UN RTDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	yes
14.2		IMDG-Code: CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	yes
14.2		ICAO-TI: Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s.	yes
14.2		Technical name (hazardous ingredients): Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite, solu- tion % Cl active	yes
14.3	Transport hazard class(es): not assigned	Transport hazard class(es)	yes
14.3		UN RTDG: 8	yes
14.3		IMDG-Code: 8	yes
14.3		ICAO-TI: 8	yes
14.4	Packing group: not assigned	Packing group	yes
14.4		UN RTDG: III	yes
14.4		IMDG-Code: III	yes
14.4		ICAO-TI: III	yes
14.8	Transport informationNational regulationsAddi- tional information(UN RTDG): Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG	Transport informationNational regulationsAddi- tional information(UN RTDG)	yes
14.8		UN number: 3266	yes
14.8		Class: 8	yes
14.8		Packing group: III	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 8	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): 223, 274 UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1 UN RTDG	yes

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#### RBS® T 105 , Laboratory cleaning agent



#### article number: PY99

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 5 L UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2X	yes
14.8	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information: Not subject to IMDG.	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information	yes
14.8		Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	yes
14.8		Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3266, CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGAN- IC, N.O.S., (contains: Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite, solution % Cl active), 8, III	yes
14.8		Marine pollutant: -	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 8	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): 223, 274	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 5 L	yes
14.8		EmS: F-A, S-B	yes
14.8		Stowage category: A	yes
14.8		Segregation group: 18 - Alkalis	yes
14.8	International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO- IATA/DGR) - Additional information: Not subject to ICAO-IATA.	International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO- IATA/DGR) - Additional information	yes
14.8		Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s.	yes
14.8		Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3266, Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s., (contains: Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hy- pochlorite, solution % Cl active), 8, III	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 8	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): A3	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1	yes

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## RBS® T 105 , Laboratory cleaning agent

#### article number: PY99

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 1 L	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval

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## RBS® T 105 , Laboratory cleaning agent

#### article number: PY99

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
Met. Corr.	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)	
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Code	Text
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.