

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



## Oxalic acid dihydrate $\geq 99,5$ %, p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: **T113**  
Version: **5.0 en**  
Replaces version of: 2022-01-07  
Version: (4)

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	<b>Oxalic acid dihydrate <math>\geq 99,5</math> %, p.a., ACS, ISO</b>
Article number	T113
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119534576-33-xxxx
Index number in CLP Annex VI	607-006-00-8
EC number	205-634-3
CAS number	6153-56-6

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:	Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use
Uses advised against:	Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG  
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5  
D-76185 Karlsruhe  
Germany

**Telephone:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0  
**Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149  
**e-mail:** [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)  
**Website:** [www.carlroth.de](http://www.carlroth.de)

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Department Health, Safety and Environment

**e-mail (competent person):** [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital	Beaumont Road	Dublin 9	+353 1 809 2166	<a href="https://www.poisons.ie/">https://www.poisons.ie/</a>

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5$  %, p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat-egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1D	Acute toxicity (dermal)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H312
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

#### Signal word

**Danger**

#### Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07



#### Hazard statements

H302+H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin  
H318 Causes serious eye damage

#### Precautionary statements

##### Precautionary statements - prevention

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product  
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

##### Precautionary statements - response

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor

#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: **Danger**

Symbol(s)



H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5\%$ , p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

## 2.3 Other hazards

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Oxalic acid dihydrate
Molecular formula	$C_2H_2O_4 \cdot 2 H_2O$
Molar mass	126 g/mol
REACH Reg. No	01-2119534576-33-xxxx
CAS No	6153-56-6
EC No	205-634-3
Index No	607-006-00-8

#### Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
-	-	500 mg/kg 1.100 mg/kg	oral dermal

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Nausea, Vomiting, Cough, Breathing difficulties, Agitation, Spasms, Circulatory collapse, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5$  %, p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings!  
water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. The product is an acid. Before discharge into sewage plants the product normally needs to be neutralised.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5\%$ , p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: T113

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid dust formation.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### National limit values

#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Ceiling-C [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Notation	Source
EU	oxalic acid	144-62-7	IOELV	1				2006/15/EC
IE	oxalic acid	144-62-7	OELV	1				S.I. No. 619 of 2001

#### Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur  
STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)  
TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	3,11 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	0,882 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5$  %, p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

## Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels				
End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
PNEC	0,16 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0,016 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	1.550 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



#### • hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### • material thickness

>0,11 mm

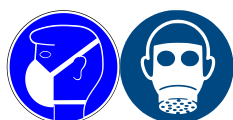
#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection



# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5$  %, p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

## Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Form	crystalline
Colour	white
Odour	odourless
Melting point/freezing point	98 – 101 °C (Release of crystal water)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	149 – 160 °C (slow decomposition)
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	>400 °C
Decomposition temperature	>110 °C
pH (value)	1,5 (in aqueous solution: 10 g/l, 20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
<u>Solubility(ies)</u>	
Water solubility	>100 g/l at 25 °C
<u>Partition coefficient</u>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	-1,74 (TOXNET)
Vapour pressure	<0,1 hPa at 25 °C
<u>Density and/or relative density</u>	
Density	1,65 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Bulk density	800 – 900 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Particle characteristics	No data available.

### Other safety parameters

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



## Oxalic acid dihydrate $\geq 99,5$ %, p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: T113

Oxidising properties none

### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes: hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Danger of explosion:** Chlorates, Silver, strong oxidiser,  
**Exothermic reaction with:** Alkali (lye), Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>), Mercury

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decomposition takes place from temperatures above: >110 °C.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	7.500 mg/kg	rat	anhydrous	TOXNET
dermal	LD50	20.000 mg/kg	rabbit	anhydrous	ECHA

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.



# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5$  %, p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

## **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## **Carcinogenicity**

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

## **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

## **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

## **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## **Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

### **• If swallowed**

vomiting, nausea

### **• If in eyes**

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

### **• If inhaled**

cough, breathing difficulties, Dyspnoea

### **• If on skin**

Frequently or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermal irritation

### **• Other information**

Other adverse effects: Agitation, Spasms, Circulatory collapse, Renal impairment

## **11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## **11.3 Information on other hazards**

There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **12.1 Toxicity**

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

<b>Aquatic toxicity (acute)</b>				
<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Source</b>	<b>Exposure time</b>
EC50	162,2 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	<21,35 mg/l	algae	ECHA	72 h

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



## Oxalic acid dihydrate $\geq 99,5$ %, p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: T113

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0,1269 mg/mg  
Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 0,6984 mg/mg

#### Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	40 %	5 d
oxygen depletion	89 %	5 d

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-1,74 (TOXNET)
BOD5/COD	0,88888889

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**HP 4** irritant - skin irritation and eye damage  
**HP 6** acute toxicity

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate ≥99,5 %, p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

## 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.1 UN number or ID number** not subject to transport regulations
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name** not assigned
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)** none
- 14.4 Packing group** not assigned
- 14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**  
There is no additional information.
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**  
The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Oxalic acid dihydrate	substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up		R75	75

#### Legend

- R75 1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:
- (a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
- (b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;
- (c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;
- (d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:
- (i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator;
- (ii) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;
- (e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (\*1), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



## Oxalic acid dihydrate $\geq 99,5$ %, p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: T113

### Legend

- (f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:
- (i) "Rinse-off products";
  - (ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
  - (iii) "Not to be used in eye products";
- (g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column;
- (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.
2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.
3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.
4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:
- (a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
  - (b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).
5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.
6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.
7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:
- (a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";
  - (b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
  - (c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;
  - (d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;
  - (e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;
  - (f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;
  - (g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
- The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.  
The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.  
Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.  
Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this paragraph.
8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.
9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).
10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



**Oxalic acid dihydrate  $\geq 99,5$  %, p.a., ACS, ISO**

article number: **T113**

## Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
	not assigned		

## Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	1.650 g/l

## Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 g/l

## Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

## Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

## Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

## Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

## Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

## Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

## Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

## Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

## Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

# Safety data sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



## Oxalic acid dihydrate $\geq 99,5$ %, p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: T113

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$ .	yes
14.8	Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information: Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.		yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % , 1.650 g/l	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 1.650 g/l	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

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article number: T113

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
15.2	Chemical Safety Assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.	Chemical safety assessment: According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant.	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	$\equiv$ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval

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## Oxalic acid dihydrate $\geq 99,5$ %, p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: **T113**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
S.I. No. 619 of 2001	Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.