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#### Rhodamine B (C.I. 45170) for microscopy

article number: T130 Version: GHS 4.0 en Replaces version of: 2022-07-14 Version: (GHS 3)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

**Product identifier** 1.1

Identification of the substance	Rhodamine B (C.I. 45170) for microscopy
Article number	T130
CAS number	81-88-9
Alternative name(s)	9-(2-Carboxyphenyl)-3,6- bis(diethylamino)xanthylium chloride

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 Telefax: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

#### e-mail (competent person):

### sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **Classification acc. to GHS**

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 Label elements

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Labelling					
Signal word	Danger				
Pictograms					
GHS05					
Hazard statement	ts				
H318	 Causes serious eye damage				
Precautionary sta	tements				
Precautionary sta	Precautionary statements - prevention				
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection				
Precautionary sta	tements - response				
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact				
P310	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician				
Other hazards					
Results of PBT and	d vPvB assessment				
According to the re	esults of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.				
Endocrine disrupt	ing properties				
Does not contain a	n endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$ .				

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Rhodamine B (C.I. 45170)
Molecular formula	$C_{28}H_{31}CIN_2O_3$
Molar mass	479 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
CAS No	81-88-9

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

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#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risk of blindness, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Irritant effects, Methaemoglobinaemia, Headache, Cardiac arrhythmias, Blood pressure drop, Dyspnoea, Spasms, Cyanosis (blue coloured blood)

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid dust formation.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

### National limit values

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	nuisance dusts		WES	10			i	WES

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur i Inhalable fraction acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



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NOLATION	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-
TWA	minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8
	hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a quide.

#### type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

#### material thickness

>0,11 mm

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P1 (filters at least 80 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.



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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical pro	perties
	Physical state	solid
	Form	powder, crystalline
	Colour	green - violet
	Odour	odourless
	Melting point/freezing point	199 – 201 °C
	Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
	Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
	Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
	Flash point	not applicable
	Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
	Decomposition temperature	210 – 211 °C
	pH (value)	3 – 4 (in aqueous solution: 10 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> , 20 °C)
	Kinematic viscosity	not relevant
	Solubility(ies)	
	Water solubility	~15 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20 °C (poorly soluble)
	Partition coefficient	
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	1.95 (TOXNET)
	Vapour pressure	not determined
	Density and/or relative density	
	Density	1.31 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
	Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
	Bulk density	~250 <sup>kg</sup> / <sub>m³</sub>
	Particle characteristics	No data available.
	Other safety parameters	
	Oxidising properties	none
9.2	Other information	
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

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Other safety characteristics:

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

#### **10.2** Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong alkali, Strong acid

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 210 – 211 °C.

#### **10.5** Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

#### **10.6** Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Classification acc. to GHS**

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

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#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### • If swallowed

Data are not available.

#### • If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### • If inhaled

Data are not available.

#### • If on skin

Data are not available.

#### • Other information

Other adverse effects: Methaemoglobinaemia, Headache, Cardiac arrhythmias, Blood pressure drop, Dyspnoea, Spasms, Cyanosis (blue coloured blood)

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
LC50	≤33.9 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	48 h	

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 2.171 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 2.313 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2.572 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

#### Biodegradation

Not readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability			
Process	Degradation rate	Time	
oxygen depletion	0 %	28 d	

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.95 (TOXNET)
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#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

- **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Data are not available.
- **12.6** Endocrine disrupting properties Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

- 14.1 UN number
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- 14.4 Packing group
- 14.5 Environmental hazards
- 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

Not subject to transport regulations. UN RTDG

not subject to transport regulations

not assigned

not assigned

not assigned

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

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### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information** Not subject to IMDG.

**International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information** Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1** Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

#### National regulations(Australia)

#### Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

#### **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status	
AU	AIIC	substance is listed	
CA	DSL	substance is listed	
CN	IECSC	substance is listed	
EU	ECSI	substance is listed	
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed	
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed	
KR	KECI	substance is listed	
MX	INSQ	substance is listed	
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed	
PH	PICCS	substance is listed	
TR	CICR	substance is listed	
TW	TCSI	substance is listed	
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)	
VN	NCI	substance is listed	

#### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

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#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.