according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



#### Diisopropyl ether ≥98 %, for synthesis, stabilized

article number: **T899** Version: **4.0 en** Replaces version of: 15.12.2021 Version: (3)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	Diisopropyl ether ≥98 %, for synthesis, stabilized
Article number	T899
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119548382-38-xxxx
Index number in CLP Annex VI	603-045-00-X
EC number	203-560-6
CAS number	108-20-3

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against:

Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

#### e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.8D	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336

date of compilation: 17.03.2017 Revision: 04.03.2024

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Suppleme	ental hazard information
Code	Supplemental hazard information
EUH019	may form explosive peroxides
EUH066	repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

#### Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



#### **Hazard statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
 P243 Take action to prevent static discharges

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

#### **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

#### Supplemental hazard information

EUH019	May form explosive peroxides.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)

H336



May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

P304+P340IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.P403+P233Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

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EUH019	May form explosive peroxides.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Diisopropyl ether
Molecular formula	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O
Molar mass	102,2 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
REACH Reg. No	01-2119548382-38-xxxx
CAS No	108-20-3
EC No	203-560-6
Index No	603-045-00-X

#### To stabilise:

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
Butylated hydroxytoluene	CAS No 128-37-0 EC No	< 0,01
	204-881-4	

#### Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



**General notes** 

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.



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#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

- **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** Vertigo, Nausea, Headache, Cough, Dyspnoea, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Narcosis
- **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed none

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapourair mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

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#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Avoid: Aerosol or mist formation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Protect against external exposure, such as

direct light irradiation, contact with air/oxygen

#### Consideration of other advice:

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.



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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **National limit values**

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

This information is not available.

#### Human health values

#### **Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels**

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	850 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	1.700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
DNEL	121,4 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

#### **Relevant DNELs of components**

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	DNEL	19 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	DNEL	18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	DNEL	3,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	DNEL	0,5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

#### **Environmental values**

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels							
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time			
PNEC	0,19 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	0,019 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> aquatic organisms marine water		marine water	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	37 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	2,79 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	0,28 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)			
PNEC	0,47 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)			

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Relevant PNECs of components						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	8,33 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	water	short-term (single instance)
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	1,99 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	water	intermittent re- lease
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	0,199 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	0,02 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	0,17 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	99,6 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	9,96 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organ- isms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	PNEC	47,69 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a consider-able reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

#### • material thickness

0,7mm

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#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • Splash protection - Protective gloves

- type of material: NBR (Nitrile rubber)
- material thickness: >0,3 mm
- breakthrough times of the glove material:

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

>240 minutes (permeation: level 5)

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65  $^{\circ}$ C, colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	like ether
Melting point/freezing point	-86 °C at 1.013 hPa
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	67 – 70 °C at 1.013 hPa
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	45 g/m³ (LEL) - 900 g/m³ (UEL) / 1 vol% (LEL) - 21 vol% (UEL)
Flash point	-28 °C at 1.013 hPa (c.c.)
Auto-ignition temperature	415 °C at 1.019 hPa (ECHA)
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	(20 °C) (neutral)
Kinematic viscosity	0,4597 <sup>mm²</sup> / <sub>s</sub> at 293,2 K
Dynamic viscosity	0,331 mPa s at 293,2 K
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	3,11 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20,2 °C (ECHA)
Partition coefficient	



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	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	2,4 (pH value: 6,7, 20 °C) (ECHA)
	Vapour pressure	175 hPa at 20 °C 248 hPa at 30 °C
	Density and/or relative density	
	Density	0,72 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
	Relative vapour density	3,52 (air = 1)
	Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
	Other safety parameters	
	Oxidising properties	none
9.2	Other information	
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	There is no additional information.
	Other safety characteristics:	
	Gas group (explosion group)	IIA Maximum Experimental Safe Gap value; MESG > 0,9 mm
	Maximum explosion pressure	9,3 bar
	Refractive index	1,368
	Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T2 Maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. May form explosive peroxides.

#### If heated

Risk of ignition.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Reactivity if exposed to light. Reactivity if exposed to air.

#### **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Violent reaction with:** strong oxidiser, Aldehydes, Amines, Acids, Oxygen, => Explosive properties

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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#### **10.6** Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Peroxides.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity							
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source		
oral	LD50	8.470 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		TOXNET		
inhalation: vapour	LC50	162 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat		TOXNET		

#### Acute toxicity of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Butylated hydroxytoluene	128-37-0	oral	LD50	>6.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat
Butylated hydroxytoluene	128-37-0	dermal	LD50	>2.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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## If swallowed

vomiting, nausea

#### • If in eyes

Data are not available.

#### • If inhaled

vertigo, nausea, headache, cough, Dyspnoea, dizziness, fatigue, narcosis

#### • If on skin

repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

#### Other information

none

#### 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)							
Endpoint Value			Species			Source	Exposure time
EC50	190 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>		aquatic	atic invertebrates ECHA		ECHA	48 h
Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End	point	Value		Species	Exposur time
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	L	250	>0,57 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>		fish	96 h

Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	EC50	0,48 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	ErC50	>0,4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	3.155 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	ECHA	3 h

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Butylated hydroxy- toluene	128-37-0	EC50	0,096 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2,818 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,584 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

Process of degradability							
Pr	ocess	C	Degradation rat	e	Time		
oxygen depletion 0 % 28 d							
Degradability of components							
Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degrada- tion rate	Time	Method	Source	
Butylated hy- droxytoluene	128-37-0	biotic/abiotic	<10 %	20 d			

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)			2,4 (pH value: 6,7, 20 °C) (ECHA)			
Bioaccumulative potential of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD		
Butylated hydroxytoluene	128-37-0	598,4	5,1			

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

# **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

- HP 3 flammable
- **HP 15** waste capable of exhibiting a hazardous property listed above not directly displayed by the original waste

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

	ADR	UN 1159
	IMDG-Code	UN 1159
	ICAO-TI	UN 1159
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	ADR	DIISOPROPYL ETHER
	IMDG-Code	DIISOPROPYL ETHER
	ICAO-TI	Diisopropyl ether
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
14.3	<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> ADR	3
14.3	•	3 3
14.3	ADR	-
14.3	ADR IMDG-Code	3
	ADR IMDG-Code ICAO-TI	3
	ADR IMDG-Code ICAO-TI <b>Packing group</b>	3 3

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	ICAO-TI	II				
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations				
14.6	Special precautions for user					
	Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be	e complied within the premises.				
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO	instruments				
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.					
14.8	Information for each of the UN Model Regula	ations				
	Agreement concerning the International Car information	riage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additiona				
	Proper shipping name	DIISOPROPYL ETHER				
	Particulars in the transport document	UN1159, DIISOPROPYL ETHER, 3, II, (D/E)				
	Classification code	F1				
	Danger label(s)	3				
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2				
	Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L				
	Transport category (TC)	2				
	Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E				
	Hazard identification No	33				
	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information					
	Proper shipping name	DIISOPROPYL ETHER				
	Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1159, DIISOPROPYL ETHER, 3, II, -28°C c.c.				
	Marine pollutant	-				
	Danger label(s)	3				
	Special provisions (SP)	-				
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2				
	Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L				
	EmS	F-E, S-D				
	Stowage category	E				

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International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information		
Proper shipping name	Diisopropyl ether	
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1159, Diisopropyl ether, 3, II	
Danger label(s)	3	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2	
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L	

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1

**Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)** 

**Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII** 

angerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substanceName acc. to inventoryCAS NoRestrictionNo				
Diisopropyl ether	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Diisopropyl ether	flammable / pyrophoric		R40	40

#### Legend

R3

1. Shall not be used in: - ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

- tricks and jokes,

- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,

 Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
 Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they

can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.

 Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN)

5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and pack-aging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:

ments are met: (a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage'; (c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';





according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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#### Legend R40

- 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following: - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- 'whoopee' cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
  decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: 'For professional users only'.

3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).

4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

#### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

#### Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
Νο	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the ap- plication of lower and upper-tier re- quirements		Notes
P5c	flammable liquids (cat. 2, 3)	5.000	50.000	51)

Notation

Flammable liquids, categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b 51)

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	720 <sup>g</sup> /l

#### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	720 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

#### Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

#### Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer **Register (PRTR)**

not listed

#### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

#### Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

## **Regulation on drug precursors**

not listed

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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#### Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

#### Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

#### **Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)**

not listed

#### **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

#### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	substance is listed

#### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
15.1	VOC content: 100 % , 720 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	VOC content: 100 %	yes
15.1		VOC content: 720 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>1</sub>	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes
15.2	Chemical Safety Assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been car- ried out for this substance.	Chemical safety assessment: According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant.	yes

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern- ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures	
COD	Chemical oxygen demand	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)	
ED	Endocrine disruptor	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

#### Diisopropyl ether ≥98 %, for synthesis, stabilized



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.