according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



Triethylamine (TEA) ≥99,5 %, for synthesis

article number: **X875** Version: **3.0 en** Replaces version of: 2022-10-06 Version: (2)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

| Identification of the substance | Triethylamine (TEA) ≥99,5 %, for synthesis |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Article number | X875 |
| Registration number (REACH) | 01-2119475467-26-xxxx |
| Index number in CLP Annex VI | 612-004-00-5 |
| EC number | 204-469-4 |
| CAS number | 121-44-8 |
| Alternative name(s) | N,N-diethylethanamine |
| | |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use

Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

e-mail (competent person):

sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

| Name | Street | Postal code/city | Telephone | Website |
|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital | Beaumont Road | Dublin 9 | +353 1 809 2166 | https:// www.poisons.ie/ |

date of compilation: 2017-03-09 Revision: 2024-03-02

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

| Section | Hazard class | Cat- egory | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|--|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 2.6 | Flammable liquid | 2 | Flam. Liq. 2 | H225 |
| 3.10 | Acute toxicity (oral) | | Acute Tox. 4 | H302 |
| 3.1D | Acute toxicity (dermal) | 3 | Acute Tox. 3 | H311 |
| 3.1I | Acute toxicity (inhal.) | 3 | Acute Tox. 3 | H331 |
| 3.2 | Skin corrosion/irritation | | Skin Corr. 1A | H314 |
| 3.3 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | 1 | Eye Dam. 1 | H318 |
| 3.8R | .8R Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation) | | STOT SE 3 | H335 |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms



Hazard statements

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

| P210 | Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking |
|------|---|
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection |

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Precautionary statements - response

| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower] |
|-----------------------------|--|
| P304+P340 P305+P351+P338 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact |
| P310 | lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor |

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)

H311+H331

H314

H335

P310



Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3 **Other hazards**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

| Name of substance | Triethylamine |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Molecular formula | C ₆ H ₁₅ N |
| Molar mass | 101,2 ^g / _{mol} |
| REACH Reg. No | 01-2119475467-26-xxxx |
| CAS No | 121-44-8 |
| EC No | 204-469-4 |
| Index No | 612-004-00-5 |

| Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Specific Conc. Limits | M-Factors | ATE | Exposure route | | |
| STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 1 % | - | 730 ^{mg} / _{kg} 580 ^{mg} / _{kg} >2 ^{mg} / _l /4h | oral dermal inhalation: vapour | | |

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosion, Vomiting, Risk of blindness, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings! water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapourair mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

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Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoidance of ignition sources.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage

of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

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Advice on general occupational hygiene

Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product. When using do not smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

| Cou ntr y | Name of agent | CAS No | Identi- fier | TW A [pp m] | TWA [mg/ m³] | STE L [pp m] | STEL [mg/ m³] | Ceil ing- C [pp m] | Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³] | Nota- tion | Source |
|-----------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| EU | triethylamine | 121-44-8 | IOELV | 2 | 8,4 | 3 | 12,6 | | | Н | 2000/39/ EC |
| IE | triethylamine | 121-44-8 | OELV | 2 | 8,4 | 3 | 12,6 | | | Н | S.I. No. 619 of 2001 |

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
 H Absorbed through the skin
 STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
 TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Human health values

| Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Endpoint | Threshold level | Protection goal, route of exposure | Used in | Exposure time | | | |
| DNEL | 8,4 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | chronic - systemic effects | | | |
| DNEL | 12,6 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | acute - systemic effects | | | |
| DNEL | 8,4 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | chronic - local effects | | | |
| DNEL | 12,6 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | acute - local effects | | | |

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| Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Endpoint | Threshold level | Protection goal, route of exposure | Used in | Exposure time | | |
| DNEL | 12,1 mg/kg bw/ day | human, dermal | worker (industry) | chronic - systemic effects | | |

Environmental values

| Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| End- point | Threshold level | Organism | Environmental com- partment | Exposure time | | | | |
| PNEC | 0,11 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organisms | freshwater | short-term (single instance) | | | | |
| PNEC | 0,011 ^{mg} / _l | aquatic organisms | marine water | short-term (single instance) | | | | |
| PNEC | 100 ^{mg} /l | aquatic organisms | sewage treatment plant (STP) | short-term (single instance) | | | | |
| PNEC | 1,575 ^{mg} / _{kg} | aquatic organisms | freshwater sediment | short-term (single instance) | | | | |
| PNEC | 0,158 ^{mg} / _{kg} | aquatic organisms | marine sediment | short-term (single instance) | | | | |
| PNEC | 0,25 ^{mg} / _{kg} | terrestrial organisms | soil | short-term (single instance) | | | | |

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

• type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

- material thickness
- 0,4 mm

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• breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

• other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C , colour code: Brown). Type: K (against ammonia and organic ammonia derivatives, colour code: Green).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state | liquid |
|--|--|
| Colour | colourless - light yellow |
| Odour | disagreeable - like ammonia |
| Melting point/freezing point | -115 – -114,7 °C (ECHA) |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | 89 – 90 °C at 1.013 hPa |
| Flammability | flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria |
| Lower and upper explosion limit | 50 g/m³ (LEL) - 340 g/m³ (UEL) / 1,2 vol% (LEL) - 8 vol% (UEL) |
| Flash point | -11 °C (c.c.) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 215 °C |
| Decomposition temperature | not relevant |
| pH (value) | 12 – 13 (in aqueous solution: 100 ^g / _l , 15 °C) |
| Kinematic viscosity | not determined |
| Dynamic viscosity | 0,36 mPa s at 25 °C |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Water solubility | 112,4 ^g / _l at 20 °C (ECHA) |
| Partition coefficient | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): | 1,45 (pH value: 13) (ECHA) |
| | |
| Vapour pressure | 72 hPa at 20 °C |

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| | Density and/or relative density | |
|-----|---|--|
| | Density | 0,73 ^g / _{cm³} at 20 °C |
| | Relative vapour density | 3,49 (air = 1) |
| | Particle characteristics | not relevant (liquid) |
| | Other safety parameters | |
| | Oxidising properties | none |
| 9.2 | Other information | |
| | Information with regard to physical hazard classes: | There is no additional information. |
| | Other safety characteristics: | |
| | Gas group (explosion group) | IIA Maximum Experimental Safe Gap value; MESG > 0,9 mm |
| | Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX) | T3 Maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 200°C |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

It's a reactive substance. Risk of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

If heated

Risk of ignition.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Danger of explosion: Strong acid, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), **Dangerous/dangerous reactions with:** strong oxidiser, Halogenated hydrocarbons, Maleic anhydride, Nitric acid and nitrous acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

different plastics, Rubber articles, copper, aluminium, zinc, tin

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

Acute toxicity

| Exposure route | Endpoint | Value | Species | Method | Source |
|----------------|----------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| oral | LD50 | 730 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rat | | ECHA |
| dermal | LD50 | 580 ^{mg} / _{kg} | rabbit | | ECHA |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

• If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

• If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

• If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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• Other information

none

- **11.2** Endocrine disrupting properties Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.
- **11.3** Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

| Aquatic toxicity (acute) | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|--------|------------------|--|
| Endpoint Value | | Species | Source | Exposure time | |
| LC50 | 24 ^{mg} / _l | fish | ECHA | 96 h | |
| ErC50 | 8 ^{mg} / _l | algae | ECHA | 72 h | |

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

| Endpoint | Value | Species | Source | Exposure time |
|----------|----------------------------------|---------|--------|------------------|
| LC50 | 137 ^{mg} / _l | fish | ECHA | 60 d |
| EC50 | 130 ^{mg} /l | fish | ECHA | 60 d |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification): 2,846 $^{mg}/_{mg}$ Theoretical Oxygen Demand (with nitrification): 3,478 $^{mg}/_{mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,609 $^{mg}/_{mg}$

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

| Process of degradability | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|------|--|--|
| Process | Degradation rate | Time | | |
| biotic/abiotic | >90 % | d | | |
| carbon dioxide generation | 80,3 % | 29 d | | |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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| n-octanol/water (log KOW) | 1,45 (pH value: 13) (ECHA) |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| BCF | <0,5 (ECHA) |

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\ge 0,1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

- HP 3 flammable
- HP 4 irritant skin irritation and eye damage
- HP 5 specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity
- HP 6 acute toxicity
- HP 8 corrosive

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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| SEC | CTION 14: Transport information | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| 14.1 | UN number or ID number | | | |
| | ADRRID | UN 1296 | | |
| | IMDG-Code | UN 1296 | | |
| | ICAO-TI | UN 1296 | | |
| 14.2 | UN proper shipping name | | | |
| | ADRRID | TRIETHYLAMINE | | |
| | IMDG-Code | TRIETHYLAMINE | | |
| | ICAO-TI | Triethylamine | | |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es) | | | |
| | ADRRID | 3 (8) | | |
| | IMDG-Code | 3 (8) | | |
| | ICAO-TI | 3 (8) | | |
| 14.4 | Packing group | | | |
| | ADRRID | II | | |
| | IMDG-Code | II | | |
| | ICAO-TI | II | | |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards | non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations | | |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | | | |
| | Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be co | | | |
| 14.7 | Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO in | struments | | |
| | The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk. | | | |

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)Additional information

| Proper shipping name | TRIETHYLAMINE |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Particulars in the transport document | UN1296, TRIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II, (D/E) |
| Classification code | FC |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
| | |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 1 L |
| Transport category (TC) | 2 |
| Tunnel restriction code (TRC) | D/E |

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| Hazard identification No | 338 |
|---|---|
| Regulations concerning the International (information | Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional |
| Classification code | FC |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
| | |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 1 L |
| Transport category (TC) | 2 |
| Hazard identification No | 338 |
| International Maritime Dangerous Goods (| Code (IMDG) - Additional information |
| Proper shipping name | TRIETHYLAMINE |
| Particulars in the shipper's declaration | UN1296, TRIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II, -11°C c.c. |
| Marine pollutant | - |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
| | |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 1 L |
| EmS | F-E, S-C |
| Stowage category | В |
| International Civil Aviation Organization (I | CAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information |
| Proper shipping name | Triethylamine |
| Particulars in the shipper's declaration | UN1296, Triethylamine, 3 (8), II |
| Danger label(s) | 3+8 |
| | |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E2 |
| Limited quantities (LQ) | 0,5 L |
| | |

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

| Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII) | | | | |
|--|--|----|-----|----|
| Name of substance | Restriction | Νο | | |
| Triethylamine | this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC | | R3 | 3 |
| Triethylamine | flammable / pyrophoric | | R40 | 40 |
| Triethylamine | substances in tattoo inks and perman- ent make-up | | R75 | 75 |

Legend R3

R40

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

tricks and jokes,

games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,

 Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
 Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they

- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and

present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.

4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation

(CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and pack-aging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:

ments are met:
(a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil - or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
(b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
(c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';
1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended

1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following: - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration, - artificial snow and frost,

- 'whoopee' cushions,

- silly string aerosols - imitation excrement,

- horns for parties,

- decorative flakes and foams,

- artificial cobwebs

stink bombs.

2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).
 The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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Legend

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or gener-ate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

| 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----|-------|
| No | Dangerous substance/hazard categories | Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the ap- plication of lower and upper-tier re- quirements | | Notes |
| H2 | acute toxic (cat. 2 + cat. 3, inhal.) | 50 | 200 | 41) |

Notation

41)

- Category 2, all exposure routes - category 3, inhalation exposure route

Deco-Paint Directive

| VOC content | 100 % |
|-------------|---------------------|
| VOC content | 730 ^g /l |

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

| VOC content | 100 % |
|-------------|---------------------|
| VOC content | 730 ^g /l |

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer **Register (PRTR)**

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

| Country | Inventory | Status |
|---------|------------|------------------------------|
| AU | AIIC | substance is listed |
| CA | DSL | substance is listed |
| CN | IECSC | substance is listed |
| EU | ECSI | substance is listed |
| EU | REACH Reg. | substance is listed |
| JP | CSCL-ENCS | substance is listed |
| KR | KECI | substance is listed |
| MX | INSQ | substance is listed |
| NZ | NZIoC | substance is listed |
| PH | PICCS | substance is listed |
| TR | CICR | substance is listed |
| TW | TCSI | substance is listed |
| US | TSCA | substance is listed (ACTIVE) |
| VN | NCI | substance is listed |

Legend

| Legenu | |
|------------|---|
| AIIC | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals |
| CICR | Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation |
| CSCL-ENCS | List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS) |
| DSL | Domestic Substances List (DSL) |
| ECSI | EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP) |
| IECSC | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China |
| INSQ | National Inventory of Chemical Substances |
| KECI | Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory |
| NCI | National Chemical Inventory |
| NZIoC | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
| PICCS | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) |
| REACH Reg. | REACH registered substances |
| TCSI | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory |
| TSCA | Toxic Substance Control Act |
| | |

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

| Section | Former entry (text/value) | Actual entry (text/value) | Safety- relev- ant |
|---------|--|---|--------------------------|
| 2.2 | | Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 2.3 | | Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%. | yes |
| 15.1 | VOC content: 100 % 730 ^g / _l | VOC content: 100 % | yes |
| 15.1 | | VOC content: 730 ^g / _l | yes |
| 15.1 | | National inventories: change in the listing (table) | yes |
| 15.2 | Chemical Safety Assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been car- ried out for this substance. | Chemical safety assessment: According to REACH, Article 14 (1) a chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance or components of this mixture when the substance has been registered in quantities of 10 tonnes or more per year per registrant. | yes |

Abbreviations and acronyms

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|------------|--|
| 2000/39/EC | Commission Directive establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in imple- mentation of Council Directive 98/24/EC |
| ADR | Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern- ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) |
| ATE | Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value |
| CLP | Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| DNEL | Derived No-Effect Level |
| EC50 | Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval |
| EC No | The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi- fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union) |
| ED | Endocrine disruptor |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances |
| EmS | Emergency Schedule |

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| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|-------------------------|--|
| ErC50 | ≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na- tions |
| ΙΑΤΑ | International Air Transport Association |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| ICAO-TI | Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| IMDG-Code | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| index No | The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 |
| IOELV | Indicative occupational exposure limit value |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LD50 | Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval |
| LEL | Lower explosion limit (LEL) |
| NLP | No-Longer Polymer |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| PNEC | Predicted No-Effect Concentration |
| ppm | Parts per million |
| REACH | Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals |
| RID | Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) |
| S.I. No. 619 of 2001 | Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001 |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| SVHC | Substance of Very High Concern |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| UEL | Upper explosion limit (UEL) |
| VOC | Volatile Organic Compounds |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU



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List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

| Code | Text |
|------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.