

# Safety data sheet

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



## Trichloromethane 99,8 Atom%D, stab. with Ag for nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy

article number: **AE54**  
Version: **GHS 3.0 en**  
Replaces version of: 2021-02-16  
Version: (GHS 2)

date of compilation: 2017-06-27  
Revision: 2024-03-02

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	<b>Trichloromethane</b> 99,8 Atom%D, stab. with Ag for nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy
Article number	AE54
CAS number	865-49-6

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:	Laboratory chemical Laboratory and analytical use
Uses advised against:	Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household). Food, drink and animal feeding-stuffs.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co. KG  
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5  
D-76185 Karlsruhe  
Germany

**Telephone:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0

**Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149

**e-mail:** [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)

**Website:** [www.carlroth.de](http://www.carlroth.de)

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: Department Health, Safety and Environment

**e-mail (competent person):** [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 Westmead, NSW	131126	

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

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Section	Hazard class	Cat-egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2A	Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
3.6	Carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361d
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

## 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling

#### Signal word

**Danger**

#### Pictograms

GHS06, GHS08



#### Hazard statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### Precautionary statements

##### Precautionary statements - prevention

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves

##### Precautionary statements - response

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P311	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

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### Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

### Precautionary statements - disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant

For professional users only

## 2.3 Other hazards

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Trichloromethane
Molecular formula	$\text{CCl}_3\text{D}$
Molar mass	$120.4 \text{ g/mol}$
CAS No	865-49-6

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### General notes

Self-protection of the first aider.

#### Following inhalation

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Cough, Vertigo, Headache, Agitation, Dyspnoea, Spasms, Gastrointestinal complaints, Nausea, Vomiting, Narcotic effects, Loss of righting reflex, and ataxia

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### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings!  
water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Phosgene, Hydrogen halides (HX)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use extractor hood (laboratory). Avoid exposure. When not in use, keep containers tightly closed.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

#### Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### National limit values

#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

##### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

##### Skin protection



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### • hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

### • type of material

FKM (fluoro rubber)

### • material thickness

>0,4 mm

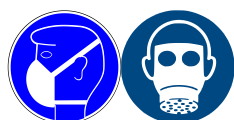
### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

### Respiratory protection



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

### Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	-64 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	60 – 62 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	>203 °C at 1,005 hPa (ECHA)
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined

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Kinematic viscosity	not determined
<u>Solubility(ies)</u>	
Water solubility	4.6 g/l at 20 °C (ECHA)
<u>Partition coefficient</u>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	1.5 (20 °C) (ECHA)
Vapour pressure	265 hPa at 25 °C
<u>Density and/or relative density</u>	
Density	1.5 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	Information on this property is not available.
Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
<u>Other safety parameters</u>	
Oxidising properties	none

### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other safety characteristics:	There is no additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Violent reaction with:** strong oxidiser, Alkali (lye), Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Alkali metals, Alcohols, Amines, Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>), Alkaline earth metal, Metal powder, Nitro compound, Peroxides, => Explosive properties

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

UV-radiation/sunlight.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Rubber articles, different plastics

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

##### Classification acc. to GHS

##### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled.

Acute toxicity					
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	908 mg/kg	rat		ECHA

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

##### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

##### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

##### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

##### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

##### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

##### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	several organs	if exposed

##### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

##### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

###### • If swallowed

vomiting, nausea, gastrointestinal complaints

###### • If in eyes

Causes serious eye irritation

###### • If inhaled

headache, deficits in perception and coordination, reaction time, or sleepiness, poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness



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### • If on skin

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation), causes skin irritation

### • Other information

none

## 11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)				
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	79 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	13.3 mg/l	algae	ECHA	72 h

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 0.06644 mg/mg  
Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 0.3655 mg/mg

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.5 (20 °C) (ECHA)
---------------------------	--------------------

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

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### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

### Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

#### Properties of waste which render it hazardous

**H6.1**      Poisonous (Acute)  
**H11**        Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

<b>UN RTDG</b>	UN 1888
IMDG-Code	UN 1888
ICAO-TI	UN 1888

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

<b>UN RTDG</b>	CHLOROFORM
IMDG-Code	CHLOROFORM
ICAO-TI	Chloroform

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

<b>UN RTDG</b>	6.1
IMDG-Code	6.1
ICAO-TI	6.1

### 14.4 Packing group

<b>UN RTDG</b>	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

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### Transport information National regulations Additional information (UN RTDG)

**UN number** 1888

**Class** 6.1

**Packing group** III

**Danger label(s)** 6.1



**Special provisions (SP)** -  
UN RTDG

**Excepted quantities (EQ)** E1  
UN RTDG

**Limited quantities (LQ)** 5 L  
UN RTDG

**Emergency Action Code** 2Z

### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name CHLOROFORM

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1888, CHLOROFORM, 6.1, III

Marine pollutant -

**Danger label(s)** 6.1



**Special provisions (SP)** -

**Excepted quantities (EQ)** E1

**Limited quantities (LQ)** 5 L

**EmS** F-A, S-A

**Stowage category** A

**Segregation group** 10 - Liquid halogenated hydrocarbons

### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Chloroform

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1888, Chloroform, 6.1, III

**Danger label(s)** 6.1



**Excepted quantities (EQ)** E1

**Limited quantities (LQ)** 2 L

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

##### National regulations(Australia)

##### Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

Substance is listed.

##### Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

##### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
VN	NCI	substance is listed

##### Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
NCI	National Chemical Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
1.1	Index No: 602-006-00-4		yes
1.1	EC number: 212-742-4	CAS number: 865-49-6	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
2.1		Classification acc. to GHS: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1		The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$ .	yes
3.1	Index No: 602-006-00-4		yes
3.1	EC number: 212-742-4		yes
3.1	CAS number: 865-49-6		yes
11.1		Acute toxicity: change in the listing (table)	yes
14.1	UN number: 1888	UN number	yes
14.1		UN RTDG: UN 1888	yes
14.1		IMDG-Code: UN 1888	yes
14.1		ICAO-TI: UN 1888	yes
14.2	UN proper shipping name: CHLOROFORM	UN proper shipping name	yes
14.2	Hazardous ingredients: Trichloromethane		yes
14.2		UN RTDG: CHLOROFORM	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
14.2		IMDG-Code: CHLOROFORM	yes
14.2		ICAO-TI: Chloroform	yes
14.3	Transport hazard class(es): class 6.1 hazard - toxic substances	Transport hazard class(es)	yes
14.3	Class: 6.1 (toxic substances)		yes
14.3		UN RTDG: 6.1	yes
14.3		IMDG-Code: 6.1	yes
14.3		ICAO-TI: 6.1	yes
14.4	Packing group: III (substance presenting low danger)	Packing group	yes
14.4		UN RTDG: III	yes
14.4		IMDG-Code: III	yes
14.4		ICAO-TI: III	yes
14.5	Environmental hazards: none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations)	Environmental hazards: non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations	yes
14.6	Special precautions for user: Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.	Special precautions for user: There is no additional information.	yes
14.8	• Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)		yes
14.8	UN number: 1888		yes
14.8	Proper shipping name: CHLOROFORM		yes
14.8	Particulars in the transport document: UN1888, CHLOROFORM, 6.1, III, (E)		yes
14.8	Class: 6.1		yes
14.8	Classification code: T1		yes
14.8	Packing group: III		yes
14.8	Danger label(s): 6.1		yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes

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14.8	Special provisions (SP): 802(ADN)		yes
14.8	Excepted quantities (EQ): E1		yes
14.8	Limited quantities (LQ): 5 L		yes
14.8	Transport category (TC): 2		yes
14.8	Tunnel restriction code (TRC): E		yes
14.8	Hazard identification No: 60		yes
14.8	Emergency Action Code: 2Z		yes
14.8	UN number: 1888		yes
14.8	Class: 6.1		yes
14.8	Packing group: III		yes
14.8	Acute toxicity: oralLD50908 mg/kg rat ECHA dermalLD50>3,980 mg/kg rabbit IUCALID	Transport information National regulations Additional information (UN RTDG)	yes
14.8		UN number: 1888	yes
14.8		Class: 6.1	yes
14.8		Packing group: III	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 6.1	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): - UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1 UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 5 L UN RTDG	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2Z	yes
14.8	UN number: 1888		yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
14.8	Class: 6.1		yes
14.8	Packing group: III		yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/ legislation specific for the substance or mixture	Safety, health and environmental regulations/ legislation specific for the substance or mixture: There is no additional information.	yes
15.1	National inventories: Substance is listed in the following national inventories:		yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		National regulations(Australia)	yes
15.1		Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS): Substance is listed.	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restric- tions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.